SEIZE THE MOMENT SECURING THE FUTURE

JP Morgan Industrial Conference

Sergey Vasnetsov SVP – Strategic Planning and Transactions

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The statements in this presentation relating to matters that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are based upon assumptions of management which are believed to be reasonable at the time made and are subject to significant risks and uncertainties. Actual results could differ materially based on factors including, but not limited to, the business cyclicality of the chemical, polymers and refining industries; the availability, cost and price volatility of raw materials and utilities, particularly the cost of oil, natural gas, and associated natural gas liquids; competitive product and pricing pressures; labor conditions; our ability to attract and retain key personnel; operating interruptions (including leaks, explosions, fires, weather-related incidents, mechanical failure, unscheduled downtime, supplier disruptions, labor shortages, strikes, work stoppages or other labor difficulties, transportation interruptions, spills and releases and other environmental risks); the supply/demand balances for our and our joint ventures' products, and the related effects of industry production capacities and operating rates; our ability to achieve expected cost savings and other synergies; legal and environmental proceedings; tax rulings, consequences or proceedings; technological developments, and our ability to develop new products and process technologies; potential governmental regulatory actions; political unrest and terrorist acts; risks and uncertainties posed by international operations, including foreign currency fluctuations; and our ability to comply with debt covenants and service our debt. Additional factors that could cause results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements can be found in the "Risk Factors" section of our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, which can be found at www.lyondellbasell.com on the Investor Relations page and on the Securities and Exchange Commission's website at www.sec.gov.

The illustrative results or returns of growth projects are not in any way intended to be, nor should they be taken as, indicators or guarantees of performance. The assumptions on which they are based are not projections and do not necessarily represent the Company's expectations and future performance. You should not rely on illustrated results or returns or these assumptions as being indicative of our future results or returns.

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Information Related to Financial Measures

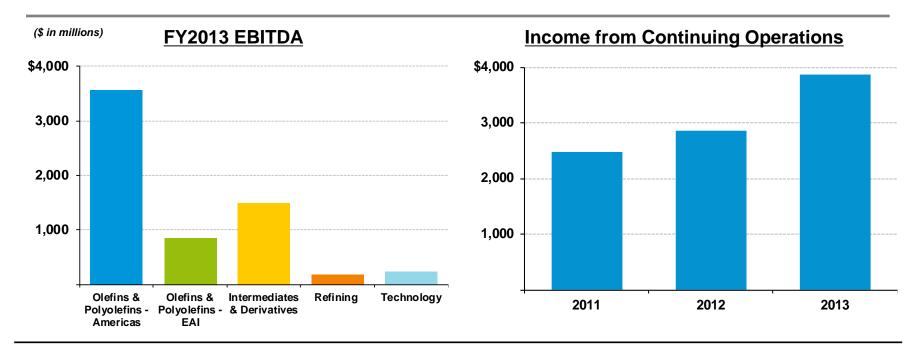
We have included EBITDA in this presentation, which is a non-GAAP measure, as we believe that EBITDA is a measure commonly used by investors. However, EBITDA, as presented herein, may not be comparable to a similarly titled measure reported by other companies due to differences in the way the measure is calculated. For purposes of this presentation, EBITDA means income from continuing operations plus interest expense (net), provision for (benefit from) income taxes, and depreciation & amortization. EBITDA should not be considered an alternative to profit or operating profit for any period as an indicator of our performance, or as an alternative to operating cash flows as a measure of our liquidity. See slide # 18 for reconciliations of EBITDA to net income.

While we also believe that free cash flow (FCF) is a measure commonly used by investors, free cash flow, as presented herein, may not be comparable to a similarly titled measure reported by other companies due to differences in the way the measure is calculated. For purposes of this presentation, free cash flow means net cash provided by operating activities minus capital expenditures.



(\$ in millions, except per share data)	FY 2013	FY 2012	FY 2011
EBITDA	\$6,311	\$5,808	\$5,469
Income from Continuing Operations	\$3,860	\$2,858	\$2,472
Diluted Earnings (\$ / share) from Continuing Operations	\$6.76	\$4.96	\$4.32

FY 2013 EPS Growth ~ 36% vs. 2012 and 56% vs. 2011



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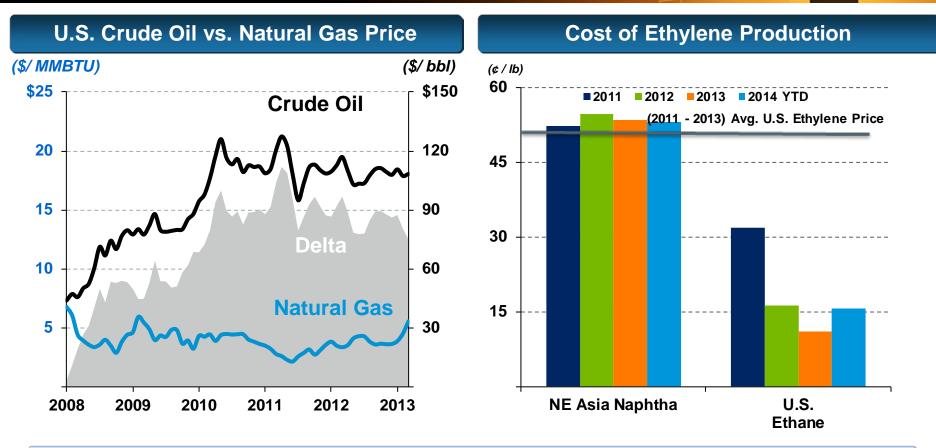
Optimizing Our Businesses

<u>Segment</u>	LYB Market Position	Portfolio Role
Olefins & Polyolefins – Americas	NGL advantageCyclical upside	Invest
Olefins & Polyolefins – EAI	 Commodities – naphtha based, with cyclical upside Differentiated positions in <i>Catalloy</i>, PP compounding, and JVs 	Restructure
Intermediates & Derivatives (I&D)	 Proprietary technologies Natural gas advantage	Invest
Refining	 Large, heavy crude refinery 	Sustain
Technology	Strong technology positionMaintain leadership	Optimize

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Macroeconomic Background

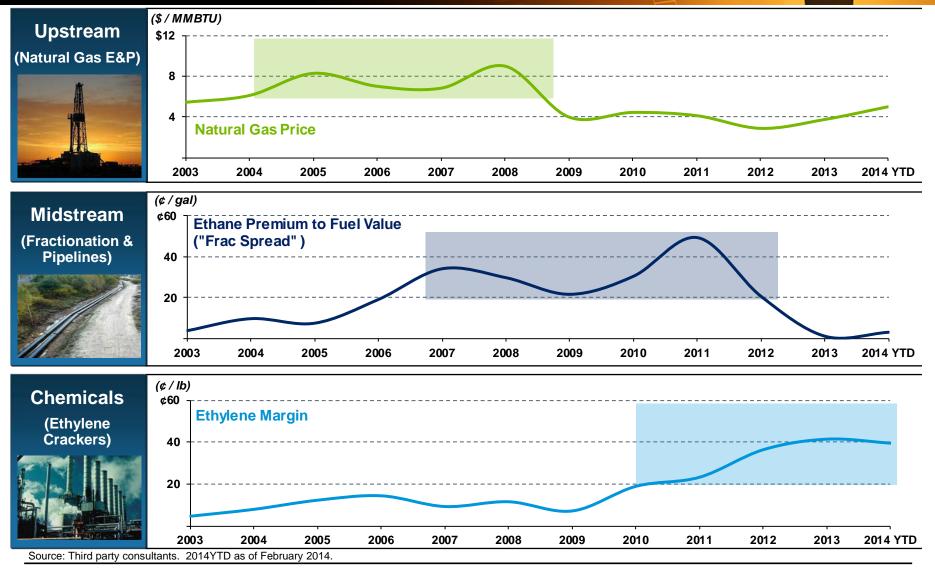


U.S. shale gas revolution significant driver of profitability in North American Olefins and Polyolefins and Intermediate and Derivatives business units

Sources: LYB estimates, third party consultants. Crude oil and natural gas data updated through February 2014.



Evolution of Shale Gas Value Chain



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Favorable Supply/Demand Balances

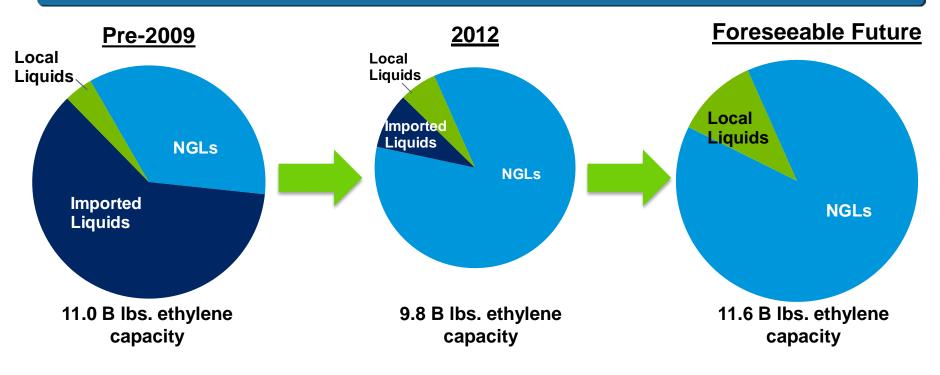
U.S. Ethane Supply/Demand Ethylene Global Operating Rates (MBPD) 550 100% 2,100 I Forecast World Effective Supply **Operating Rate** 500 95% 1,800 Capacity / Demand (billions of pounds) (LYB View) Effective Operating Rate Additional Demand 90% 450 1,500 85% 1,200 400 900 350 80% Base Demand (EOR) 600 Demand 300 75% 300 250 70% Capacity 0 65% 200 2011 2013 2014 2015 2010 2012 2016 2017 2008 2010 2012 2014E 2016E 2018E 2020E

- N. America effective ethylene industry operating rate ~ 95% in 2013
- Ethane production is expected to continue exceeding demand

Source: Third party consultants and LYB estimates.

O&P – Americas: Feedstock Flexibility Boosts Profitability





~ 90% of ethylene production in 2013 from NGLs, and almost 100% from U.S. sourced feedstocks

Source: LYB.

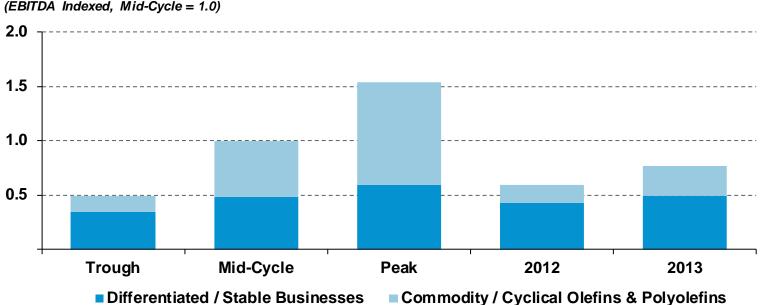
Note: Percentages based on volume of feedstock consumed. Future feedstock mix is LYB estimate.

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O&P – EAI: Driven by **Our Differentiated Position**

Indexed O&P EAI EBITDA Scenarios (1)

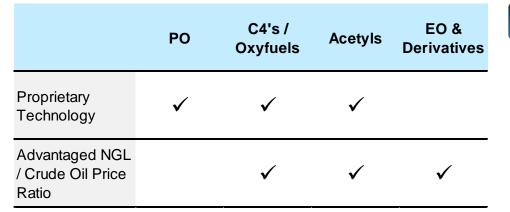


(EBITDA Indexed, Mid-Cycle = 1.0)

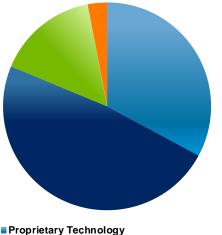
- O&P EAI portfolio is more than European olefins and commodity polyolefins ٠
 - Global polypropylene compounds
 - Middle East and Asian JVs
 - Premium grades of polyolefins (Catalloy, Polybutene-1)
- Differentiated products typically can represent \$350 \$550 million per year over the cycle

(1) O&P EAI trough, mid-cycle and peak EBITDA values are based on LYB estimates.

I&D: Businesses Key Advantages

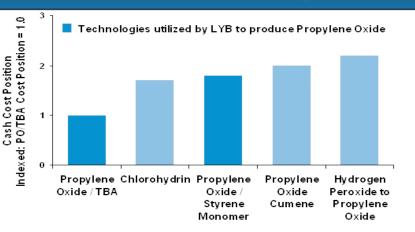


2011 – 2013 Average Intermediates & Derivatives EBITDA⁽²⁾

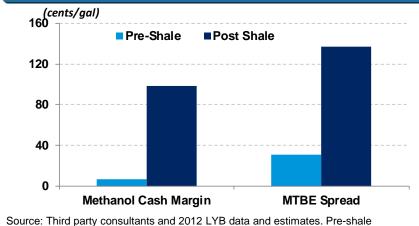


- Proprietary Technology + Natural gas opportunities
 Natural gas and NGL opportunities
- Undifferentiated

Economics of PO Technologies⁽¹⁾



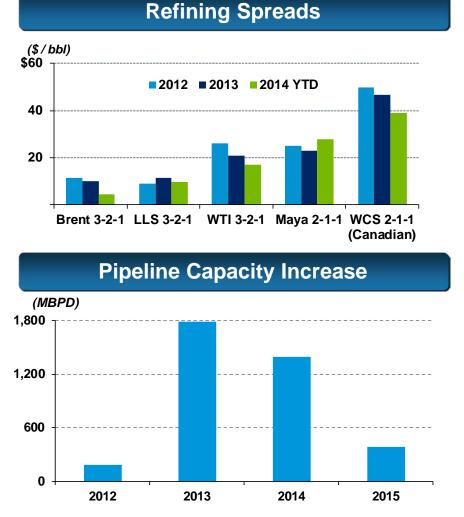
I&D Benefits from Shale⁽¹⁾



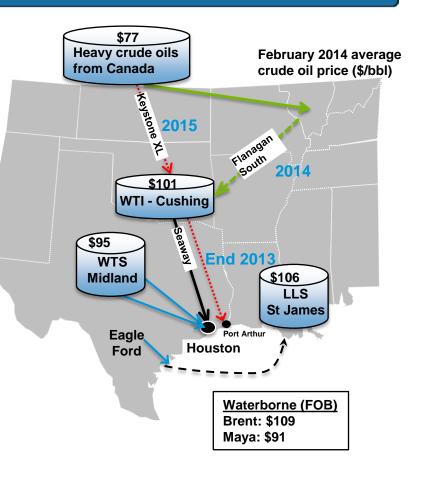
 Source: Third party consultants and 2012 LYB data and estimates. Pre refers to year 2000 while post-shale refers to year 2012.

(2) EBITDA, as presented in this chart, excludes intrasegment eliminations.

Refining: Profitability Has Been Driven by Geography and Complexity



New Pipeline Capacity to Houston



Source: Bloomberg and Wall Street research. Notes: Maya 2-1-1 based on LLS pricing. WCS refers to west Canadian select vs. Gulf Coast products. 2014 YTD as of February 2014.

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Cash Deployment Hierarchy

		Current Status	Comments
Foundation	Base Capex Interest	~ \$800 - \$900 million/yr ~\$375 million/yr ⁽¹⁾	 First priorities for cash
Foundation	Interim Dividend	\$0.60/share per quarter	 Fund through the cycle with cash flow from operations
	Growth Capex	~\$750 million avg. per year over next 2 years	 High-return in advantaged businesses
Discretionary Opportunities	Share Repurchases / Special Dividend / Acquisitions	Balance of cash generated (1) Interest expense based on the rece	 Discretionary cash returned to shareholders M&A if strategic and meaningfully accretive

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Growth and Operational Improvement Programs

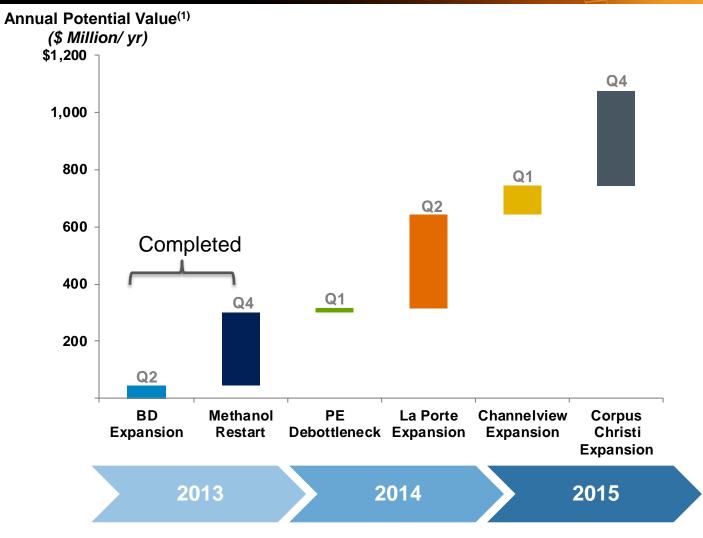
Opportunities	Capital Investments	Pre-tax Earnings
Operational Improvements	Minimal	~ \$250 – 400 Million
Complete & Active Growth Projects	~ \$1,490 Million	~ \$1,140 - \$1,320 Million
Possible/ Developing Growth Projects	~ \$440 Million	~ \$300 - \$410 Million

At September 2013 LTM conditions, our growth and improvement programs are expected to generate an additional \$1.7 – 2.1 billion pre-tax earnings per year by 2017

(1) Costs are based on company estimates and earnings values are based on LTM September 2013 industry benchmark margins.



Projects Annual Potential Values & Completion Timeline



1) Annual potential values are based on LTM September 2013 industry benchmark margins.

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Appendix

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Reconciliation of Segment Information to Consolidated Financial Information

Reconciliation of Segment Information to Consolidated Financial Information

			2012					2013		
(Millions of U.S. dollars)	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	YTD	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	YTD
Sales and other operating revenues:										
Olefins & Polyolefins - Americas	\$ 3,349	\$ 3,283	\$ 3,217	\$ 3,085	\$ 12,934	\$ 3,244	\$ 3,251	\$ 3,315	\$ 3,279	\$ 13,089
Olefins & Polyolefins - EAI	3,898	3,575	3,448	3,600	14,521	3,800	3,708	3,594	3,583	14,685
Intermediates & Derivatives	2,485	2,285	2,637	2,251	9,658	2,282	2,217	2,452	2,521	9,472
Refining	3,203	3,496	3,272	3,320	13,291	2,468	3,077	3,177	2,976	11,698
Technology	119	115	124	140	498	134	132	124	142	532
Other/elims	(1,320)	(1,506)	(1,425)	(1,299)	(5,550)	(1,259)	(1,282)	(1,510)	(1,363)	(5,414)
Continuing Operations	\$ 11,734	\$ 11,248	\$ 11,273	\$ 11,097	\$ 45,352	\$ 10,669	\$ 11,103	\$ 11,152	\$ 11,138	\$ 44,062
Operating income (loss):										
Olefins & Polyolefins - Americas	\$ 519	\$ 700	\$ 738	\$ 693	\$ 2,650	\$ 821	\$ 872	\$ 759	\$ 801	\$ 3,253
Olefins & Polyolefins - EAI	3	203	15	(94)	127	93	189	78	17	377
Intermediates & Derivatives	370	390	424	246	1,430	323	285	371	321	1,300
Refining	10	124	114	86	334	(17)	(16)	(37)	92	22
Technology	38	30	31	23	122	50	39	35	33	157
Other		2	6	5	13	(3)	(5)	1		(7)
Continuing Operations	\$ 940	\$ 1,449	\$ 1,328	\$ 959	\$ 4,676	\$ 1,267	\$ 1,364	\$ 1,207	\$ 1,264	\$ 5,102
Depreciation and amortization:										
Olefins & Polyolefins - Americas	\$ 65	\$ 71	\$ 69	\$ 76	\$ 281	\$ 75	\$ 69	\$ 73	\$ 76	\$ 293
Olefins & Polyolefins - EAI	69	69	63	84	285	77	76	78	56	287
Intermediates & Derivatives	47	48	49	50	194	48	50	50	56	204
Refining	38	37	36	37	148	36	37	45	42	160
Technology	18	19	18	18	73	17	20	16	22	75
Other			1	11	2		2			2
Continuing Operations	\$ 237	\$ 244	\$ 236	\$ 266	\$ 983	\$ 253	\$ 254	\$ 262	\$ 252	\$ 1,021
EBITDA: (a)										
Olefins & Polyolefins - Americas	\$ 595	\$ 781	\$ 814	\$ 778	\$ 2,968	\$ 898	\$ 951	\$ 841	\$ 883	\$ 3,573
Olefins & Polyolefins - EAI	115	305	102	26	548	225	295	204	115	839
Intermediates & Derivatives	417	432	475	297	1,621	373	338	427	354	1,492
Refining	48	160	150	123	481	20	20	8	134	182
Technology	56	50	49	42	197	66	59	52	55	232
Other	(4)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(7)	3	(11)	(1)	2	(7)
Continuing Operations	\$ 1,227	\$ 1,727	\$ 1,589	\$ 1,265	\$ 5,808	\$ 1,585	\$ 1,652	\$ 1,531	\$ 1,543	\$ 6,311
Capital, turnarounds and IT deferred										
spending:	a (aa		• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •		a (aa	
Olefins & Polyolefins - Americas	\$ 102	\$ 135	\$ 126	\$ 105	\$ 468	\$ 122	\$ 122	\$ 218	\$ 183	\$ 645
Olefins & Polyolefins - EAI	60	39	60	95	254	63	46	44	76	229
Intermediates & Derivatives	18	24	44	73	159	106	141	119	77	443
Refining	38	27	24	47	136	93	67	36	13	209
Technology	9	8	12	14	43	7	6	7	10	30
Other	2	3	1	(1)	5_		5_	(1)	1	5_
Total	229	236	267	333	1,065	391	387	423	360	1,561
Deferred charges included above	(1)	(3)	(1)		(5)					
Continuing Operations	\$ 228	\$ 233	\$ 266	\$ 333	\$ 1,060	\$ 391	\$ 387	\$ 423	\$ 360	\$ 1,561

(a) See slide#18 for a reconciliation of total EBITDA to income from continuing operations.

Reconciliation of EBITDA to Income from Continuing operations

EBITDA Calculation

	2012			2013														
(Millions of U.S. dollars)	_	Q1		Q2	 Q3	 Q4		Total		Q1		Q2		Q3	_	Q4	Y	TD
Net income attributable to the Company shareholders	\$	600	\$	770	\$ 846	\$ 632	\$	2,848	\$	901	\$	929	\$	853	\$	1,174 \$		3,857
Net income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests		(1)		(2)	(2)	(9)		(14)		(1)		(2)		(2)		1		(4)
(Income) loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	_	(5)		0	 7	 22		24		6		(4)		3		2		7
Income from continuing operations		594		768	851	645		2,858		906		923		854		1,177	3	,860
Provision for income taxes		301		306	435	285		1,327		357		410		339		30		1,136
Depreciation and amortization		237		244	236	266		983		253		254		262		252		1,021
Interest expense, net	_	95		409	 67	 69	_	640		69		65	_	76		84		294
EBITDA	\$	1,227	\$	1,727	\$ 1,589	\$ 1,265	\$	5,808	\$	1,585	\$	1,652	\$	1,531	\$	1,543 \$	(6,311

	2011											
(Millions of U.S. dollars)	Q1		Q2	Q3		Q4		Total				
Net income (loss) attributable to the Company shareholder	\$ 663	\$	804 \$	895	\$	(215)	\$	2,147				
Net loss attributable to non-controlling interests	(3)		(1)	-		(3)		(7)				
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	22		48	17		245		332				
Income from continuing operations	682		851	912		27		2,472				
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes	263		388	506		(98)		1,059				
Depreciation and amortization	215		224	237		255		931				
Interest expense, net	156		163	146		542		1,007				
EBITDA	\$ 1,316	\$	1,626 \$	1,801	\$	726	\$	5,469				

2013 Accomplishments

Overall	Finance	Operations
 Record earnings 45% total stock return vs. 32% for S&P 500⁽¹⁾ Maintained top decile HSE performance Normalized fixed costs managed flat since 2009 Growth projects on schedule 	 Generated \$4.8 billion cash from operations Repurchased 27.4 million shares for \$1.95 billion and paid \$1.1 billion in dividends Increased quarterly interim dividend by 50% to \$0.60 per share Issued long-term bonds in an aggregate principal amount of \$1.5 billion with an average interest rate of 4.6 percent Received \$203 million equity income from JVs 	 Increased NGL cracking to account for ~ 90% of North American ethylene production Our U.S. ethylene operating rate near 100% and above U.S. industry average Increased feedstock flexibility at our European olefin crackers Butadiene expansion and Methanol restart complete and online Construction underway on two of our ethylene expansion projects Canadian crude sourcing – 10% to 15% of processed crude

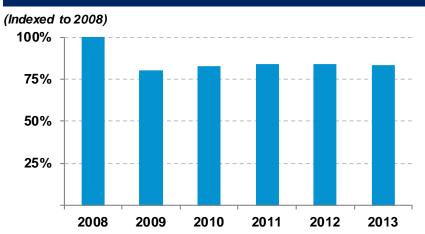
Segment EBITDA	2011 EBITDA	2012 EBITDA	2013 EBITDA	2012 - 2013 Change	2012 - 2013 Change, %
Olefins & Polyolefins - Americas	\$2,137	\$2,968	\$3,573	\$605	20%
Olefins & Polyolefins - EAI	865	548	839	291	53%
Intermediates & Derivatives	1,410	1,621	1,492	(129)	-8%
Refining	977	481	182	(299)	-62%
Technology	191	197	232	35	18%
Total	\$5,469	\$5,808	\$6,311	\$503	9%

Record financial results, continued advancement made across the company

1) Total stock return based on CapIQ dividend adjusted beginning and closing prices for 2012 and 2013.

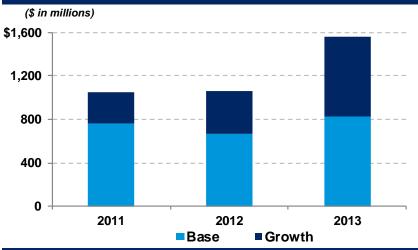
(\$ in millions)

Key Financial Statistics

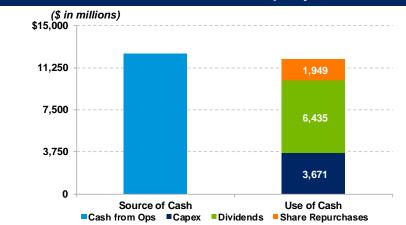


Indexed Cash Fixed Cost⁽¹⁾

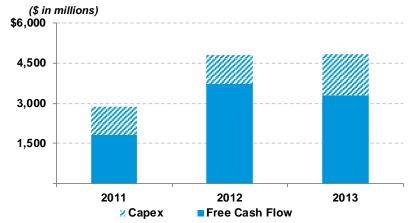




2011 – 2013 Cash Deployment



Free Cash Flow⁽²⁾



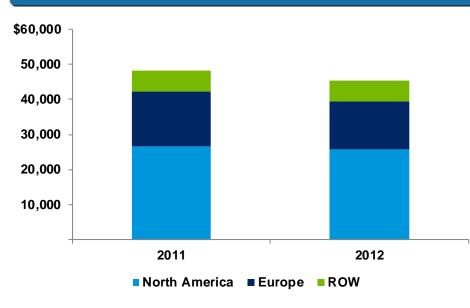
1) Cash fixed costs include costs related to compensation, travel, insurance, third party services, maintenance, marketing, selling, and administration; 2) Free Cash Flow = net cash provided by operating activities – capex

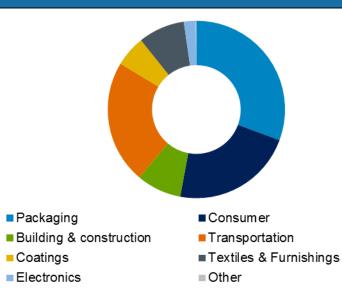


LYB Has Diverse Footprint and End Uses

Sales by Region

2012 Chemical Sales by End Use⁽¹⁾





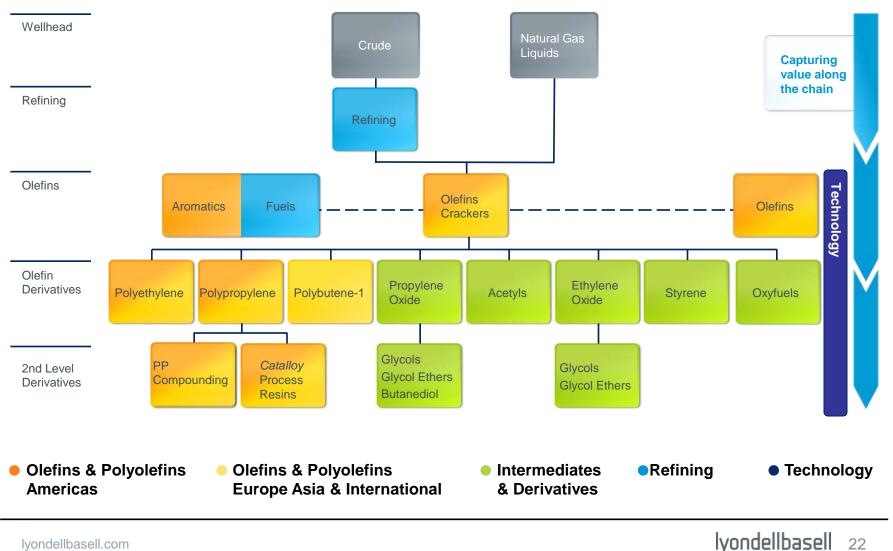
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N. America sales represent ~ 55% of total company revenues

(1) Estimated based on LYB 2012 third party chemical sales (O&P and Intermediates & Derivatives segments excluding olefin fuel products and oxyfuel sales) and third party industry volume estimates of product end uses.

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Diversified and Vertically Integrated Portfolio



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Olefins & Polyolefins – Americas

- Largest light olefins producer in North America
 - Significant competitive advantage with scale, feedstock supply flexibility and vertical integration
- Third largest polyethylene producer in North America
 - Broad product portfolio
- Largest polypropylene producer in North America
 - High degree of integration
 - Catalloy adds specialty component

Product Position and Footprint

<u>Product</u> Light Olefins	Facilities 6 Crackers	Capacity(1)NA9.9 Bn lbs (ethylene)	Ranking #1
Polypropylene	4 sites ⁽²⁾	4.4 Bn lbs	#1
Polyethylene	6 sites	5.9 Bn lbs	#3



Strong Industry Position + U.S. Natural Gas Liquids Advantage

Sources: Third party consultant, LYB.

(1) - Includes LYB wholly owned capacity and 100% of JV capacity as of December 31, 2013. Light olefins capacity based on combined ethylene and propylene capacities. (2) - Includes Indelpro JV.



Olefins & Polyolefins - Europe, Asia, International

Moderate olefins position

- Medium-size light olefins player in Western Europe
- Large scale polymer position
 - Largest polyethylene producer in Western Europe
 - #1 high density polyethylene
 - #3 low density polyethylene
 - Largest polypropylene producer in Western Europe with *Catalloy* adding to differentiation capability
 - Largest PP Compounds producer globally
- Significant Joint Ventures
 - 8 JVs in Middle East and Asia-Pacific

Product Position and Footprint

Product	Facilities	Capacity ⁽¹⁾	W.E. Ranking
Light Olefins	5 Crackers (1 JV)	6.5 Bn Ibs (ethylene)	#6
Butadiene	2 sites	700 Mn Ibs	#3
Polypropylene	15 sites (6 JVs)	13.0 Bn lbs	#1
Polyethylene	6 sites (2 JVs)	7.0 Bn Ibs	#1
PP Compounding	16 sites (3 JVs)	2.6 Bn Ibs	#1



Differentiated positions have provided steady results

Sources: Third party consultant, LYB.

(1) - Includes LYB wholly owned capacity and 100% of JV capacity as of December 31, 2013. Light olefins capacity based on combined ethylene and propylene capacities.



Intermediates & Derivatives (I&D)

- Strong propylene oxide position and leader in PO technology processes
 - #2 propylene oxide producer worldwide
- Several products benefit from natural gas vs. crude oil
 - Acetyls
 - Ethylene oxygenates
 - HP-Isobutylene
 - Oxyfuels

Product Position and Footprint								
Products	Facilities	Capacity ⁽¹⁾						
Propylene Oxide	6 Sites	5.1 Bn lbs						
Acetic Acid	1 Site	1.2 Bn lbs						
Methanol	2 sites	440 Mn gal						
Ethylene Glycol	1 Site	0.7 Bn Ibs						
Isobutylene	3 Site	1.4 Bn Ibs						
Oxyfuels	4 Sites	75,000 bbls/day						
Styrene	3 Sites	5.6 Bn lbs						



I&D – A robust and diversified portfolio

Sources: Third party consultant, LYB. (1) - Includes LYB wholly owned capacity and 100% of JV capacity as of December 31, 2013.



Refining

- Independent gulf coast refinery
 - Crude capacity of 268 MBPD
 - Nelson complexity index of 12.5
- Process heavy, high sulfur crude oil
 - Typically sold at discount
- Benchmark spread
 - Maya 2-1-1
 - Diesel production approximately equal to gasoline

Refinery UnitsNumber of UnitsCrude2



Houston Refinery

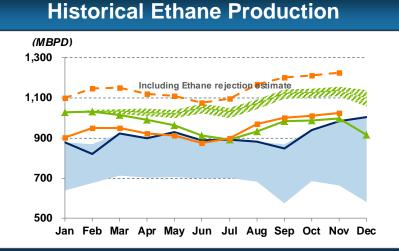
World class, high conversion, highly integrated refinery



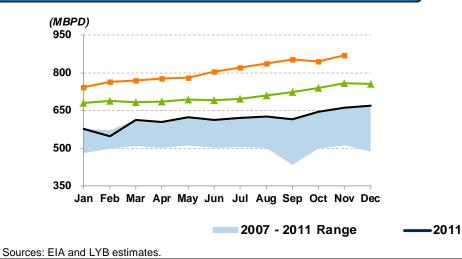
Capacity

268 MBPD

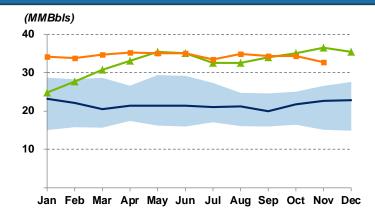
Production and Inventories Remain Near Record Levels



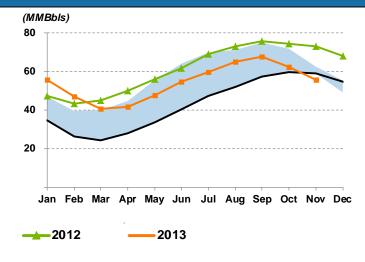
Historical Propane Production



Historical Ethane Inventory



Historical Propane Inventory



I&D: Globally Diversified End Uses

Propylene Oxide & Derivatives	Acetyls Ethylene Oxide & Derivatives		Co-Products: Oxyfuels, Isobutylene and Styrene
Derivatives			Isobutyrene and Styrene
 Home and auto cushioning 	Food packaging Surfactants		Gasoline blending
Insulation foams	Textiles Antifreeze		• Lube & fuel additives
 Polyester composites 	Coatings	 Industrial coatings 	• Tires
 Coatings 	 Safety glass 	 Polyester 	 Polyester composites
 Automotive parts 			 Food packaging
 Spandex 			
Durables Non-Durables	Durables Non-Durables	Durables Non-Durables	Durables Non-Durables

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Note: estimated based on LYB 2012 Intermediates and Derivatives third party sales by region, and third party industry estimates of products end uses.

Projects Completed and Active

Project	Cost (\$Million)	Start-up	Potential Pre-Tax Earnings (\$ Million/year)		
Increase Ethane Capability	~\$25	2012	\$120 - \$140		
Midwest Debottlenecks	~\$25	2012	\$30 - \$40		
EU Butadiene Expansion	~\$100	Mid 2013	\$40 - \$50		
Methanol Restart	~\$170	Late 2013	\$250 - \$260		
PE Debottleneck	~\$20	Early 2014	\$10 - \$20		
La Porte Expansion	~\$420	Mid 2014	\$300 - \$350		
Channelview Expansion	~\$200	Early 2015	\$90 - \$110		
Corpus Christi Expansion	~\$530	Late 2015	\$300 - \$350		
Total	~ \$1,490		~ \$1,140 - \$1,320		
Complete In Construction Permit Pending					

(1) Costs are based on company estimates and values are based on FY 2013 industry benchmark margins.

Possible/Developing Growth Projects

Project	Cost (\$Million)	Start-up	Potential Pre-Tax Earnings (\$ Million/year)
PP Compounding Growth	~ \$40	2013 - 2016	\$70 - \$90
PO/TBA Joint Venture	MOU	2016	\$70 - \$90
Olefins NGL Recovery	~ \$200	2016	\$110 - \$130
Possible New PE line	~ \$200	Late 2016	\$50 - \$100
Total	~ \$440		~ \$300 - \$410

Combined projects expected to have average payback period less than 2 years

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(1) Capital costs are based on preliminary 2013 company estimates and values are based on FY 2013 industry benchmark margins.

