

Dow Jones Sustainability Indices In Collaboration with RobecoSAM (



# Thai Oil Public Company Limited Q1/2017 Opportunity Day Presentation 31 May 2017

Time : 11.20 – 12:35 hrs. Venue : Stock Exchange of Thailand, Building B, Room 603



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VISION	A LEADING FULLY INTEGRATED REFINING & PETROCHEMICAL COMPANY IN ASIA PACIFIC
MISSION	<ul> <li>To be in top quartile on performance and return on investment</li> <li>To create a high-performance organization that promotes teamwork, innovation and trust for sustainability</li> <li>To emphasis good Corporate Governance and commit to Corporate Social Responsibility</li> </ul>
VALUES	Professionalism Ownership & Commitment Social Responsibility Integrity Teamwork & Collaboration

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### **Corporate Governance Policy**

The board of directors, management and all staff shall commit to moral principles, equitable treatment to all stakeholders and perform their duties for the company's interest with dedication, integrity, and transparency.

### **Anti-Corruption Policy**

The Board, the management, and employees must not corrupt or accept corruption of all forms in any circumstances, covering the business of the Company in every country and in every relevant agency. The Company defines guidelines, operating measures, and roles and duties of responsible persons, as well as regularly monitoring and reviewing the implementation of the anti-corruption policy in compliance with changes in businesses, rules, regulations, and relevant laws.

### Roles and Responsibilities for Stakeholders

- Truthfully report company's situation and future trends to all stakeholders equally on a timely manner.
- Shall not exploit the confidential information for the benefit of related parties or personal gains.
- Shall not disclose any confidential information to external parties.





### The World Most Sustainable **Oil & Gas Refining and Marketing Company** (from 28 invited companies in oil & gas refining and marketing industry)





### **TOP GROUP OVERVIEW**

Q1/17 KEY HIGHLIGHTS

**Q1/17 PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS** 

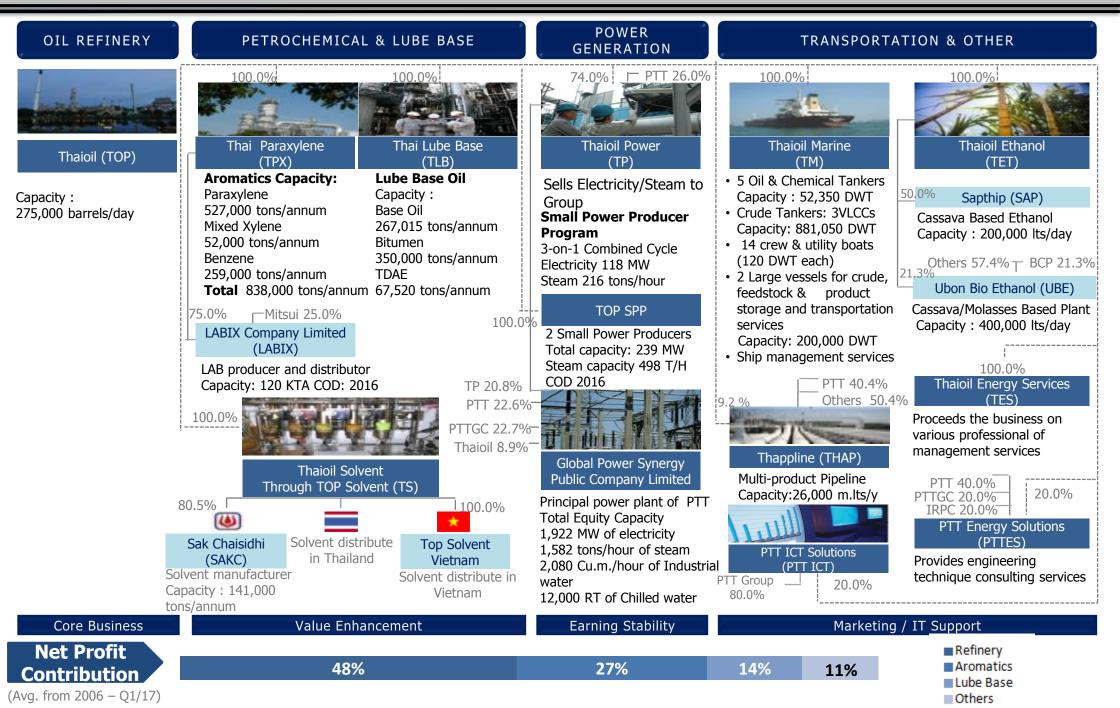
2H-17 & 2017 MARKET OUTLOOK



# **TOP GROUP OVERVIEW**

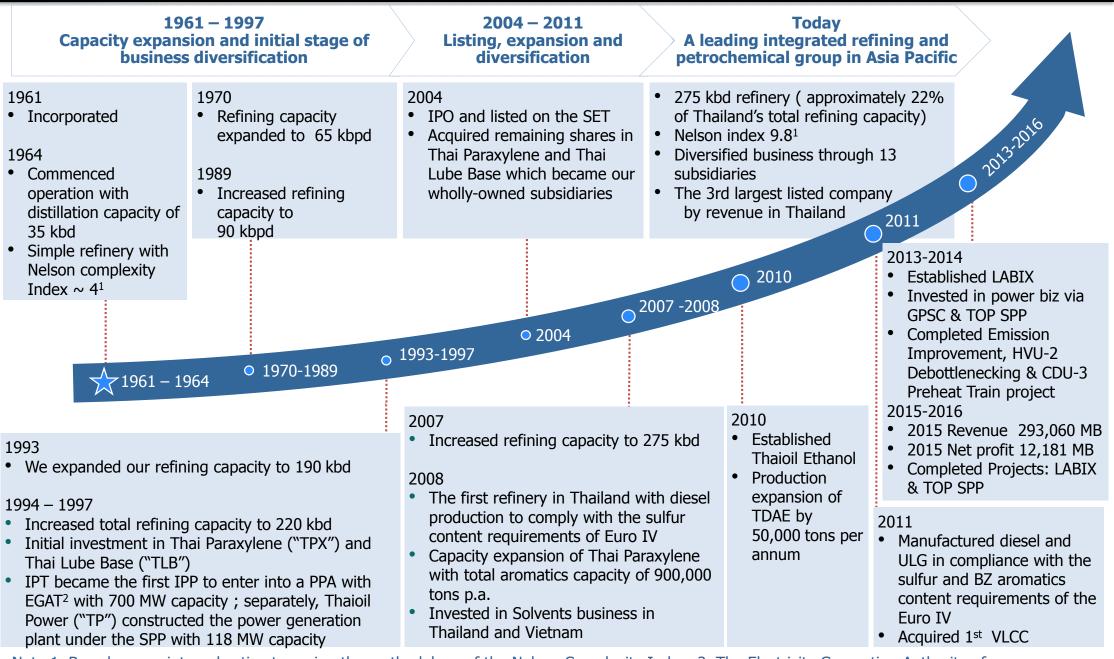
### **Thai Oil Group Business Structure**





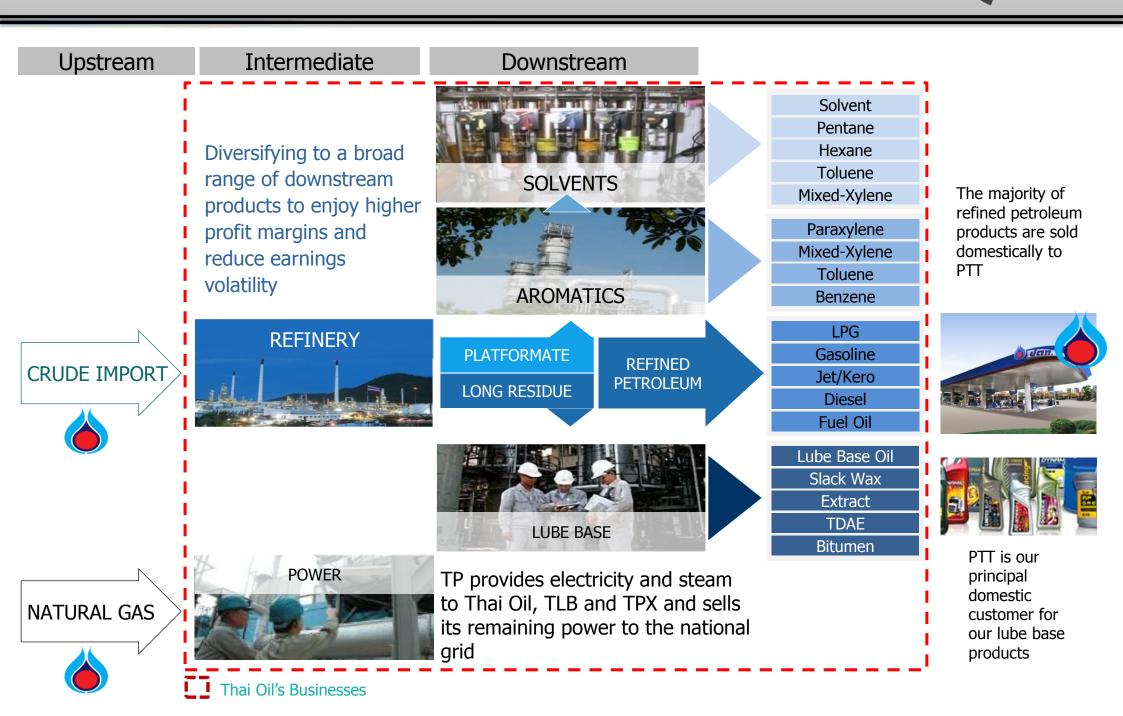
### **Key Milestones: 55 Years, A Long Track Record of Success**





Note 1. Based on our internal estimates using the methodology of the Nelson Complexity Index 2. The Electricity Generating Authority of Thailand ("EGAT") is the national grid

### **TOP Group Synergy & Strategic Role in PTT Group Value Chain**



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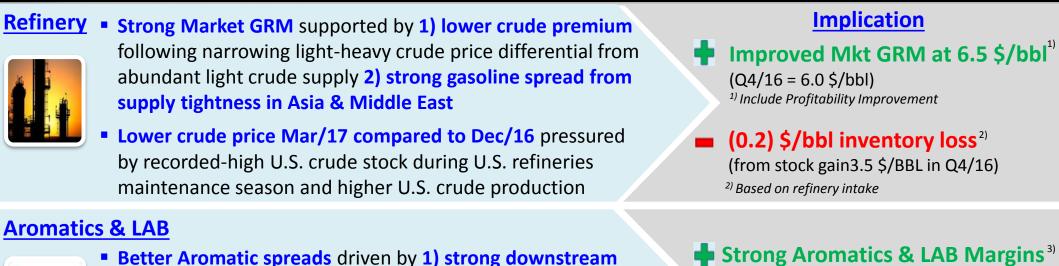


# Q1/17 KEY HIGHLIGHTS

#### **Key Highlights**

# Q1/17 Key Market Drivers Highlights







 Better Aromatic spreads driven by 1) strong downstream demand i.e. polyester and SM 2) tight BZ & SM supplies in U.S. from unplanned shutdown 3) delayed supply addition from India. Moreover additional contribution from LAB added GIM contribution.

### Lube Base



Improving Base Oil & Bitumen spread supported by tight supplies from planned/unplanned shutdown in Asia and strong buying interests, particularly in China, ahead peak refineries maintenance in Q2

### **Refinery + Aromatics & LAB + Lube Base**

\$/BBL	Q1/17	Q4/16
Market GIM	<b>1</b> 9.4	8.0
Inventory Gains / (Loss)	<b>(0.1)</b> <sup>4)</sup>	3.5
Accounting GIM	<b>4</b> 9.3	11.5
<sup>4)</sup> Based on integrated intake		

\$/bbl in Q4/16)

in Q4/16)

(GIM contribution to 2.1 \$/bbl from 1.6

**Higher Lube Base Contribution** 

(GIM contribution 0.9 \$/bbl from 0.5 \$/bbl

<sup>3)</sup> Aromatic contribution including LAB

# Q1/17 Robust Performance Driven by Strong GIM & Operation

88 %

**Key Achievements Q1/17** 

**Base Oil** 





#### Growth & Profitability Improvement



Sustainability & Awards



# Maintain high reliable production Q1/17 Q4/16 Refinery 111 % 110 % Aromatic 90 % 82 %

#### Capture high local & Indochina sales of petroleum products

88%

	Q1/17	Q4/16
Local	87 %	87 %
Indochina	8 %	8 %
Other exports	5 %	5 %

- Competitive group Cash Cost at 1.9 \$/bbl (1.4\$/bbl operating cash cost,0.5 \$/bbl net interest expense)
- Successful COD Lorry Expansion Project in Mar'17 Benefit Guidance of ~ 0.10 – 0.15 \$/bbl from more local & Indochina volume
- Profitability Improvement activities at 1,201 MB
- Affirmed credit rating by
  - S&P
  - Fitch AA-(Tha) (Stable Outlook)
- Asian Excellence Award 2017 Asia's Best CEO (IR) & Best IR Company in Thailand

**BBB** (Stable Outlook)

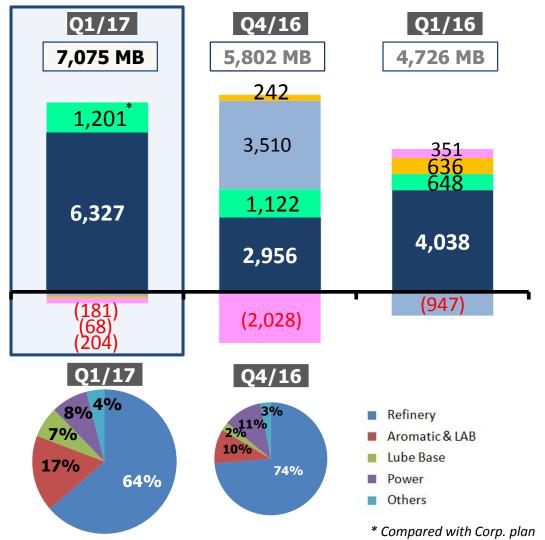
### **TOP Group Net Profit**

Unit : million THB (MB)

- Net Operating Profit (before tax)
- Stock G/(L) (before tax)

- Profitability Improvement
- Reversal of NRV /(NRV) (before tax)

Others i.e. FX G/(L), Hedging G/(L), tax expense etc.

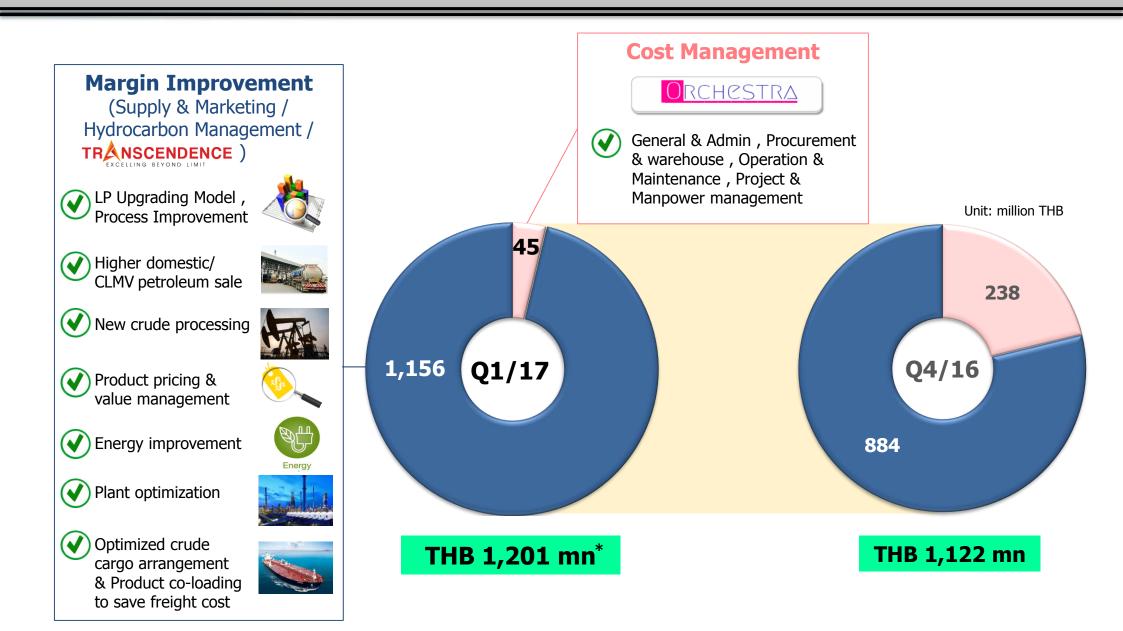


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# Q1/17 Profitability Improvement (VS Corporate Plan)



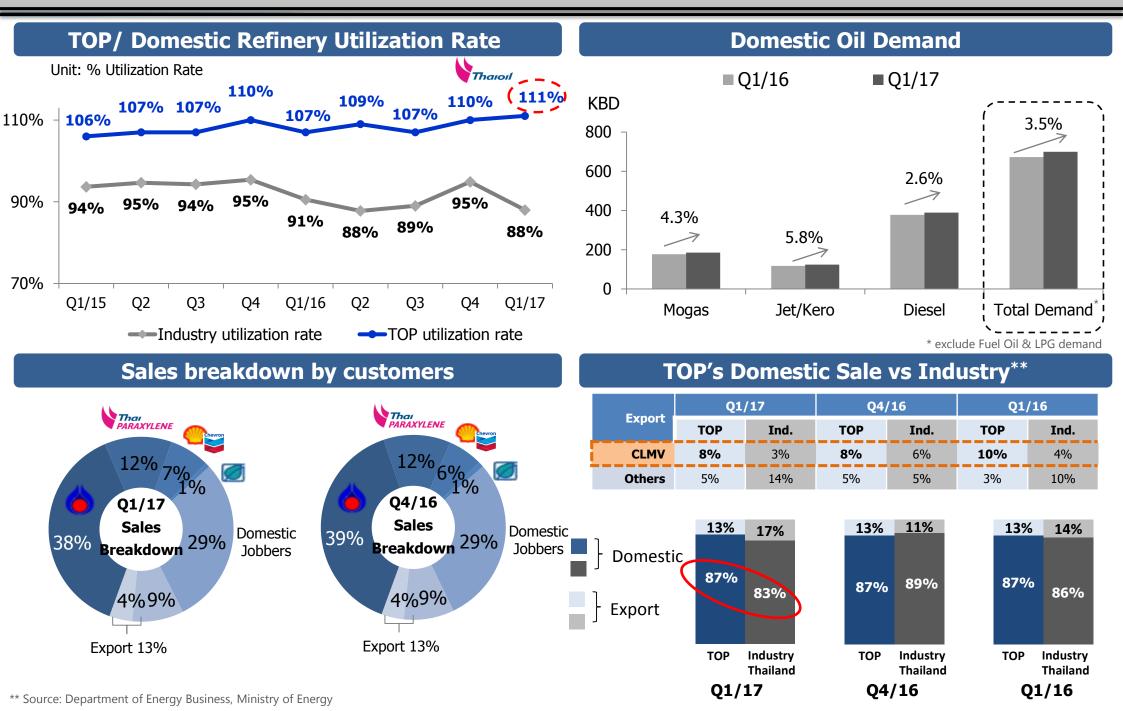




# Q1/17 PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS

### **Refinery: Recorded High Quarterly Utilization Rate**





### Q1/17: Stronger Mkt GRM supported by Lower Crude Premium



Dubai Crude Price & Key Petroleum Product Spreads							Refi	nery Utiliza	ation	
		20	16		20	17	2016	Q1/17	Q4/16	Q1/16
\$/bbl	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2TD*	FY16	111%	110%	107%
DUBAI (DB)	30.4	43.2	43.2	48.3	↑ 53.1	51.4	41.3			
ULG95 - DB	18.8	14.4	11.6	14.6	⇔ 14.8	14.8	14.9	% M	B Intake/	OSP*
JET - DB	11.7	11.1	11.1	12.3	<b>↓</b> 11.3	11.0	11.6	42%/ 1.6	42%/ 2.2	51%/ 3.3
GO - DB	9.6	10.5	11.0	12.0	↓ 11.8	11.9	10.8		SP over Dubai	
HSFO - DB	(5.2)	(8.7)	(4.3)	(1.7)	<b>↓</b> (3.1)	(2.8)	(5.0)			(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
80		2016 D	B avg.			т DB avg.	*As of 12 May 17	7 Q1/	17 Market	GRM
Dubai Price <sub>60</sub> (US\$/bbl)	- 35	<b>41.3</b> \$ 39 44 46		49 44 52	54 54 51 54 54 51	<b>\$/bbl</b> 52 50		due to t	Gasoline s	s in Asia &

29 40 27 20 Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May 2016 2017

Gross Refinery Margins - GRM								
		2016						
\$/bbl	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1			
Market GRM	6.1	4.4	4.3	6.0	6.5			
Stock G/(L)	(1.0)	4.2	(0.6)	3.5	(0.2)			
Accounting GRM	5.1	8.6	3.7	9.5	6.3			

	_
2016	
FY16	
5.2	
1.6	
6.8	

- a & Middle East while demand still be good
- + Lower crude premium from abundant light crude supply help support margins

#### Q1/17 Performance

+ Profitability Improvement from Hydrocarbon management & Transcendence\*\*

#### **Aromatics/LAB**

### Q1/17: Robust Contribution supported by High BZ Spread



Aromatics Spreads and Margins									
			20	16	20	)17	2016		
\$/ton		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2TD*	FY16	
PX**-ULG95	5	332	315	341	280	<b>1</b> 312	257	317	
BZ**-ULG9	5	156	138	174	185	<b>1</b> 346	212	163	
(US\$/Ton)	570 - 420 - 270 - 120 - -30 -	290 121 360 347 347 167 180	339 292 314 177 130 108	<sup>377</sup> <sub>345</sub> <sub>303</sub> 193 <sup>187</sup> 143	266 200 278 191 264	347         412         322           292         323         279	268 282	*As of 12 May PX-ULG95 BZ-ULG95	
Aroma (Unit : KTon)		Sales (exc	luding by	/product	) & Produ	ıct-To-Fe	ed Margiı	n (P2F)	
	TL BZ PX	20 43 104	17 44 113	35 108	8 54 110	25 46 122		176 435	
			20	16		2017		2016	
		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1		FY16	
Aromatic P2F	-\$/ton	98	99	109	95	126		100	
Aromatic P2F	-\$/bbl	12.8	13.0	14.3	12.4	16.4		13.1	
GIM contributi	on***	1.4	1.7	1.9	1.6	2.1		1.7	

\*\* PX price = CFP Taiwan, BZ price = FOB Korea

\*\*\* including LAB contribution since 25 Feb 2016

Remark: TOL -ULG95, Q4/16 = 103 \$/ton, 2016 = 115 \$/ton, Q1/17 = 119 \$/ton

Aromatics Production					
Q1/17	Q4/16	Q1/16			
90%	82%	80%			

#### Q1/17 Market

- + Stronger downstream demand i.e. Polyester, Styrene monomer
- Stronger BZ Margins driven by tight supply from unplanned shutdown in U.S.
- + Delayed additional supply from India support aromatic spread
- + Higher LAB price driven by feedstock cost especially BZ while LAB demand rose in late Q1/17

### Q1/17 Performance

+ Higher Aromatic run & Improved sales volume following strong demand

#### Lube Base Oil

### Q1/17: Improved Contribution supported by Rising Lube base & Bitumen spread

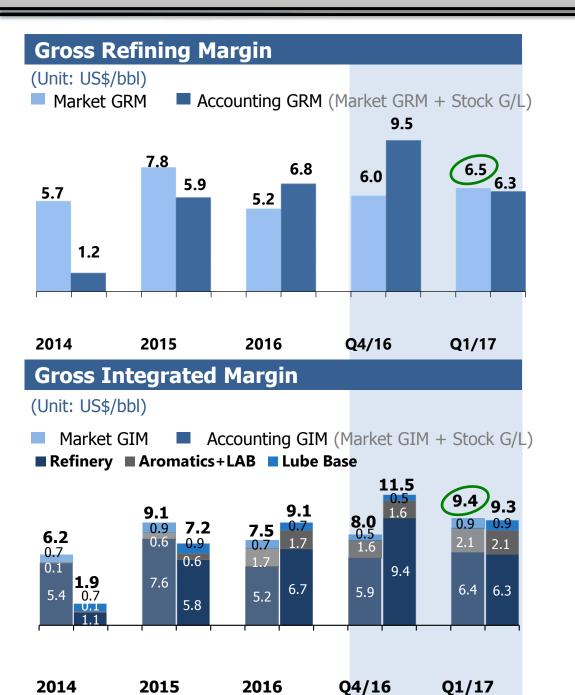
**Base Oil & Bitumen Spreads & Margins Base oil Production** 2016 2017 2016 Q1/17 Q4/16 Q1/16 Q1 **02TD\* FY16** 88% \$/ton Q1 **Q2 Q3 Q4** 88% 88% 500SN-HSFO 427 409 443 367 451 550 412 % Base Oil & Specialty Sales Volume (48)(13)(7)(61)(80)(40) (49) **BITUMEN-HSFO** 14% 14% 15% \*As of 12 May 17 800 539 538 566 24% 22% 20% 600 453 426 403 453 448 428 445 441 388 399 384 378 <sub>338</sub> 370 **500SN-HSFO** (US\$/Ton) 400 Q1/17 Q4/16 Q1/16 **Bitumen-HSFO** 200 38 -32 -11 -41 -34 -51 -62 -70 -74 -65 -103 -20 -39 -34 -60 Base Oil Specialty 0 -200 Q1/17 Market + Tight supplies from planned TLB's Sales (excluding byproduct) & Product-To-Feed Margin (P2F) /unplanned shutdown in Asia (Unit : KTon) drove stronger base oil & 110 97 113 97 388 Bitumen bitumen spread 81 141 37 47 35 40 Specialty 28 41 + Rising Chinese demand and 57 63 60 215 54 Base Oil more buying ahead peak refineries maintenance in O2 2016 2017 2016 Q1 **FY16 Q2** 03 04 01 **Q1/17** Performance 106 116 + Higher base oil sales volume P2F -\$/ton 126 121 77 107 as strong demand in the P2F -\$/bbl 19.2 18.4 16.1 11.7 17.6 16.2 region and lower operating **cost** led to better performance 0.9 0.9 0.6 0.5 0.9 0.7 GIM contribution

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### **Integrated Margin & Competitive Cash Cost**





Refinery	y's Cash	Cost		
(Unit: US\$/t	obl)			
(excl.	rating Cost . one-time nor ting item)		rest Expens	e (net)
2.3 0.8 <sup>*</sup> 1.5	1.9 0.6 1.3	1.9 0.5 1.4	2.3 0.5 1.8	1.4 0.4 1.0
*T I I' NAT		1	T	
				ly 2014 for 46 da
		A period since r 36 MB or 0.14 <b>2016</b>		ly 2014 for 46 da <b>Q1/17</b>
(TOP MTA cos 2014	t in 2014 = 4 <b>2015</b>	36 MB or 0.14 2016	\$/bbl)	
(TOP MTA cos 2014 Group's	t in 2014 = 4 2015 Cash Co	36 MB or 0.14 2016	\$/bbl)	
(TOP MTA cos 2014 Group's (Unit: US\$/b Op	t in 2014 = 4 <b>2015</b> <b>Cash Co</b> obl) perating Co	36 MB or 0.14 2016 Ost	\$/bbl)	Q1/17
(TOP MTA cos 2014 Group's (Unit: US\$/b Op (exc	t in 2014 = 4 2015 Cash Co bbl) perating Co cl. one-time no rating item)	36 MB or 0.14 2016 Ost	\$/bbl) Q4/16 Interest Ex sh cost in m MTA cost in	Q1/17

1.81.51.82.30.5\*Including MTA cost in MTA period since<br/>( TOP group MTA cost in 2014 = 609 MB or 0.20 \$/bbl)0.51.4

0.6

2.3

0.5

2.6

0.7

2.1

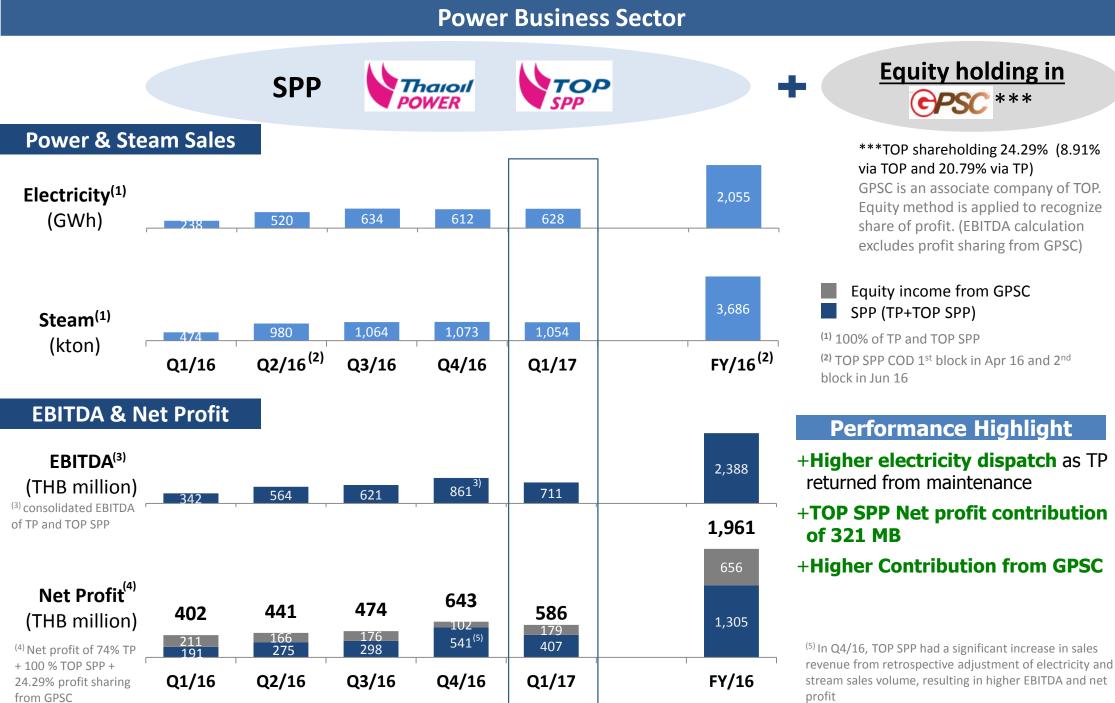
0.6

	2014	2015	2016	Q4/16	Q1/17
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#### Power

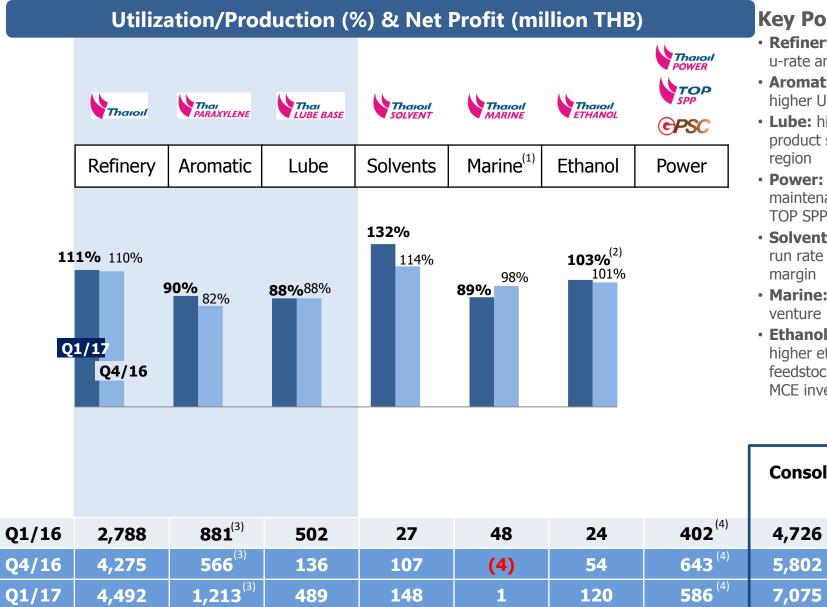
### Q1/17 Power Sector Performance...Growing Contribution to the Group





# Q1/17: Performance Breakdown by Business Unit





### **Key Points**

- **Refinery:** better contribution driven by high u-rate and strong GRM
- Aromatic/LAB: higher contribution from higher U-rate and improved product spreads
- Lube: higher contribution supported by better product spread and strong demand in the
- **Power:** improved TP net profit as return from maintenance and healthy contribution from TOP SPP & GPSC
- Solvents: improved net profit from higher run rate & better sales volume and gross
- Marine: higher contribution from joint venture
- Ethanol: better performance supported by higher ethanol selling price while lower feedstock cost and one-time gain on sales of MCF investment ~ 39 MB

StkG/(L)&

Reversal

of NRV/

(311)

3,753

(249)

(NRV)

**Consol Excl** 

Stock G/(L)

NRV/(NRV)

& Reversal of

5,037

2,050

7,324

(1) U-rate of 5 Oil & Chemical Tankers (total capacity: 52,350 DWT)

(2) U-rate of TET includes MCE 1-month U-rate at 124%, SAPTHIP 102% and UBE 100%

(3) Includes 75% of LAB net profit Q1/16 = (12) MB, Q4/16 = (90) MB, Q1/17 = 118 MB

(4) Apply on an equity accounted basis in the consolidated financial statement. (GPSC has been held by TOP 8.9% and TP 20.8%, TP has been held by TOP 74% & TOP SPP has been held by TOP 100%)

# Q1/17 TOP Group Consolidated P&L



(million THB)	<u>Q1/17</u>	<u>Q4/16</u>	<u>QoQ+/(-)</u>	<u>Q1/16</u>	<u>YoY+/(-)</u>	<sup>A</sup> Higher overall product price
Sales Revenue	87,596	77,104	10,492 <sup>A</sup>	56,790	30,806	and sale volume due to strong demand
Hedging Gain / (Loss)	(86)	(330)	244 <sup>B</sup>	27	(113)	
EBITDA 🗸	9,548	10,085	(537) <sup>c</sup>	6,653	2,895	<sup>B</sup> Mainly from loss in inventory hedge in Q4/16
EBITDA excl. Stk G/(L) & Reversal of NRV/(NRV)	9,798	6,332	3,466 <sup>D</sup>	6,964	2,833	<sup>c</sup> Mainly from huge stock gain in
Financial Charges	(846)	(911)	65	(805)	(41)	Q4/16
FX G/(L) & CCS	1,323	(870)	2,193 <sup>E</sup>	687	636	<sup>D</sup> Mainly from stronger Mkt GIM 9.4 \$/bbl compared to 8.0 \$/bbl
(Tax Expense)/reversal of income tax	(1,461)	(794)	(667) <sup>F</sup>	(363)	(1,098)	& lower operating cost
Net Profit / (Loss)	7,075	5,802	1,273	4,726	2,349	officanzed gain off ood debt
EPS (THB/Share)	3.47	2.84	0.62	2.32	1.15	from THB appreciated in Q1/17 compared to Q4/16 and realized
Stock G/(L)&Reversal of NRV/(NRV)	(249)	3,753	(4,002)	(311)	61	gain on AP/AR
Net Profit/ (Loss) excl. Stk G/(L) and Reversal of NRV/(NRV)	7,324	2,050	5,274	5,037	2,287	F Mainly from fully used of BOI privilege for tax exemption on environment projects in Q1/17
THB/US\$ - average	35.28	35.57	(0.29)	35.81	(0.53)	
THB/US\$ - ending	34.61	36.00	(1.39)	35.41	(0.80)	
Effective Tax Rate (%) *	17%	12%	5%	7%	10%	

\*redeemed BOI privilege for tax exemption on environmental projects in Q1/17 = 0 MB, Q4/16 = 416 MB, Q1/16 = 396 MB

# Q1/17 TOP Group Consolidated Cash Flow

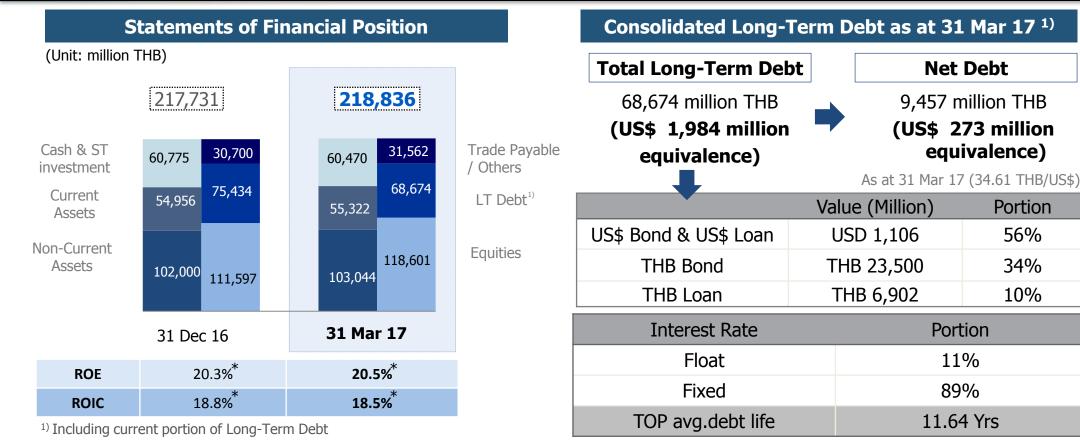


					(Unit: Million THB)			
(Unit: Million THB)					Investments			
<b>Operating Cash Flow</b>	1					<u>Q1/17</u>	<u>Q1/16</u>	
	<u>Q1</u>	<u>/17</u>	<u>Q1/16</u>		Investments	(2,891)	(18,725)	
Operating Cash Flow	10,	089	9,763		ST investments	244	(16,293)	
Net income & non-cash a	adj. 10,	.047	6,378	+	Private fund	(2,011)	-	
Change in working capita	al 4	12	3,385		CAPEX (PP&E) & other	$(1,124)^{1)}$	(2,432)	
				-		1)TC	OP 609MB, SAPTHIP 4	
					Financing			
Free Cash Flow 7,19		00	0.062		Financing	(6,396)	(12)	
		.99	8,962	+	Loans proceeding	415 <sup>2)</sup>	1,653	
					Loans repayment	(5,259) <sup>3)</sup>	(164)	
					Interest	(1,551)	(1,501)	
						3)	SAPT 358MB, LABIX 5 TOP 4,932MB, LABIX 248MB,	
							TM 54MB,SAPT 25N	
Beginning			Chang	je	Effect of FCD	Ending		
cash 3:	1,121	+	802	1	+ (612) =	31,311		
S/T investment 2	29,654		(495) <sup>4</sup>			29,159		
60 / / 5			4)non-cash transac Other payable-Pro		rchase securities 233MB and	<b>60,471</b> <sup>5)</sup>		
			Accrued interest in	n investme	nt 18MB	5) FCD = 17,177MB (50	1MUSD)	

#### **Financial**

### Q1/17 TOP Group Strong Financial Position & Financial Ratios

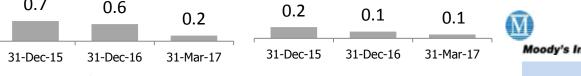




Financial Ratios						
Net Debt / adj. EBITDA**			Net Debt / Equity			
0.7	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	

Cost of Debt				
TOP Group (Net***)	3.48%			
TOP Group (Gross)	4.63%			

\*\*\*Calculated by interest expense net off interest income as per FS as at 31 Mar 17



\* Based on actual performance in the past 12 months

\*\* Annualized EBITDA (excl stock gain/loss & Reversal of NRV/(NRV))

Moody's Investors Service	STANDARD &POOR'S	FitchRatings		
Baa1	BBB	AA- (tha)		
Stable Outlook	Stable Outlook	Stable Outlook		



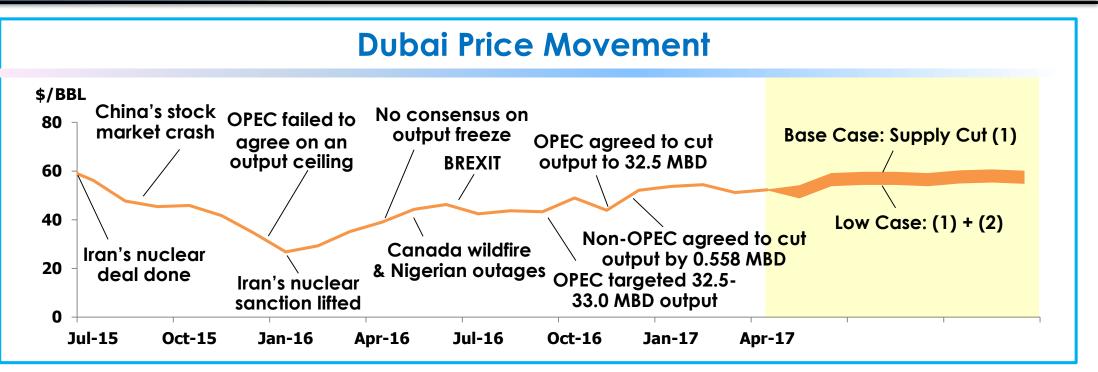
# 2H-17 & 2017 MARKET OUTLOOK

- Crude Oil
- Petroleum Products
- Aromatics
- Base Oil & Bitumen
- Linear Alkyl Benzene (LAB)



# **CRUDE OIL**

### Crude Oil Higher Crude Oil Price from Healthy Demand and Supply Cut Deal Extensions

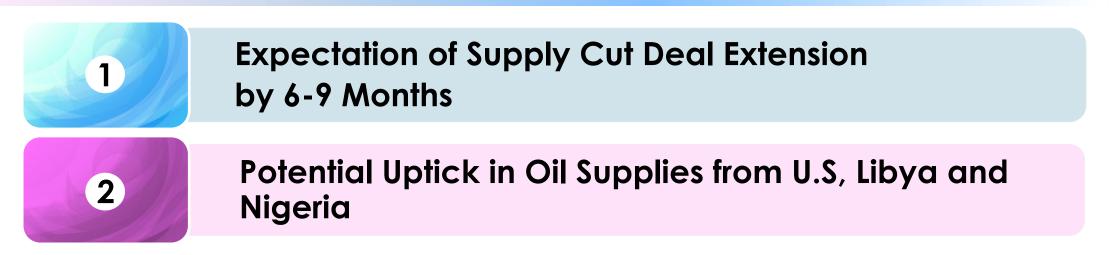


\*Q2TD'17 (as of 12 May): \$51.4/BBL

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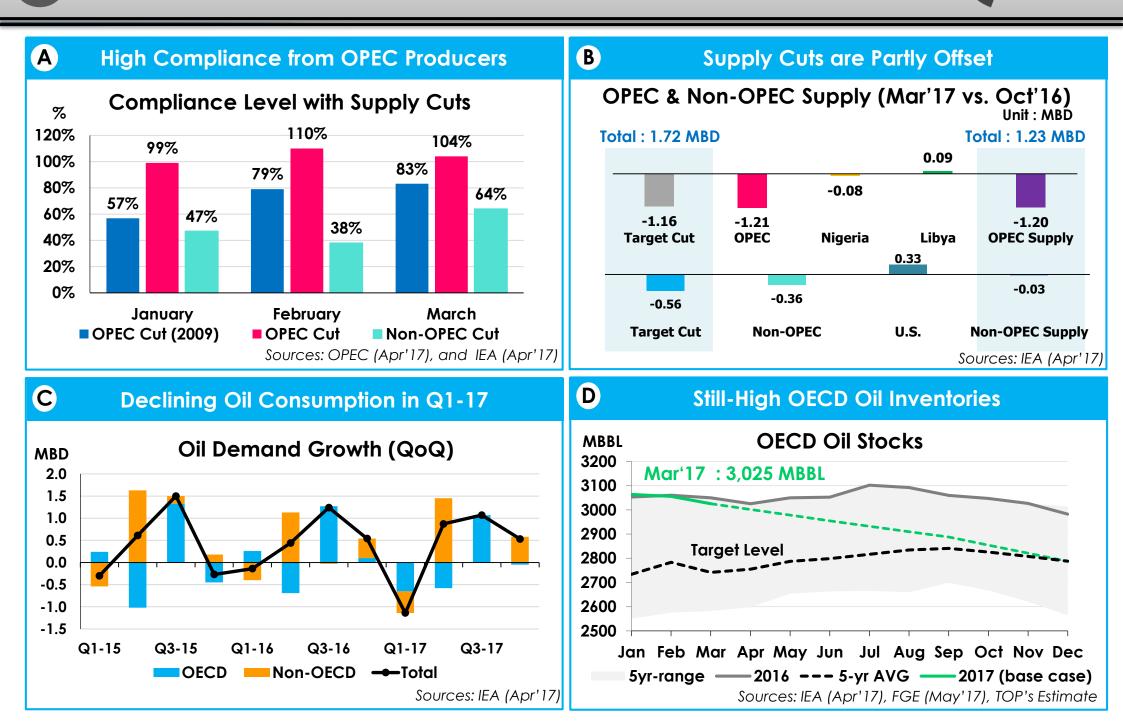
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### **Key Highlights in 2H-17**



#### **Crude Oil**

# Expectation of Supply Cut Deal Extension by 6-9 Months

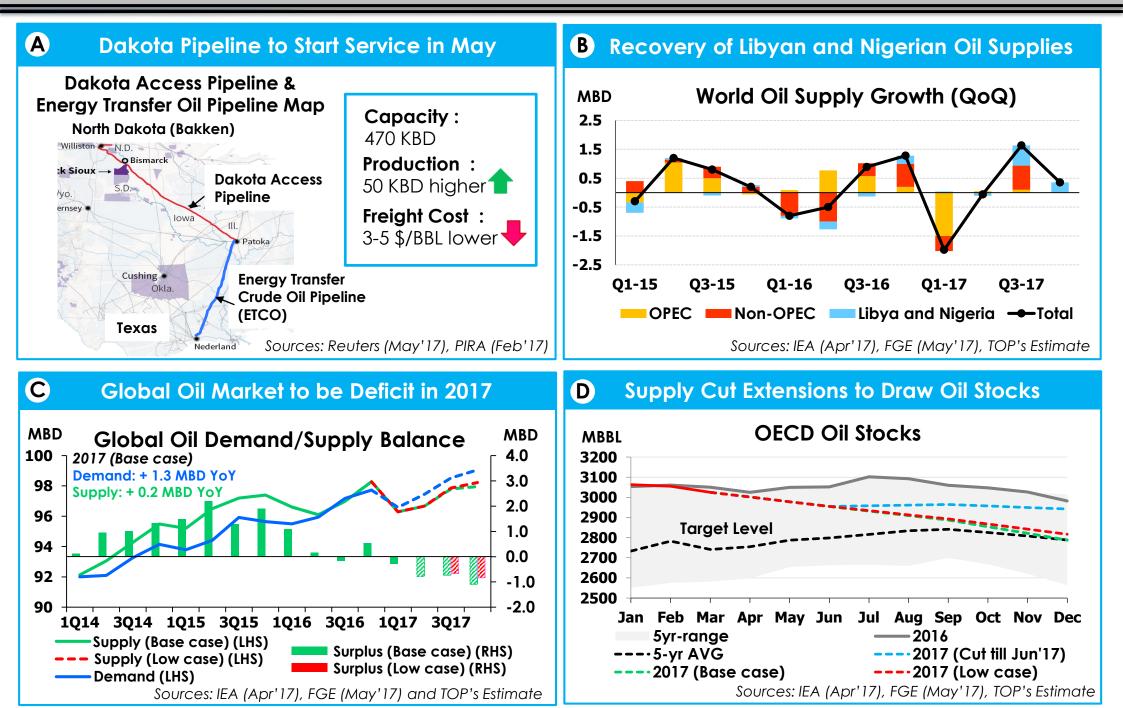


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#### **Crude Oil**

### Potential Uptick in Oil Supplies from U.S, Libya and Nigeria



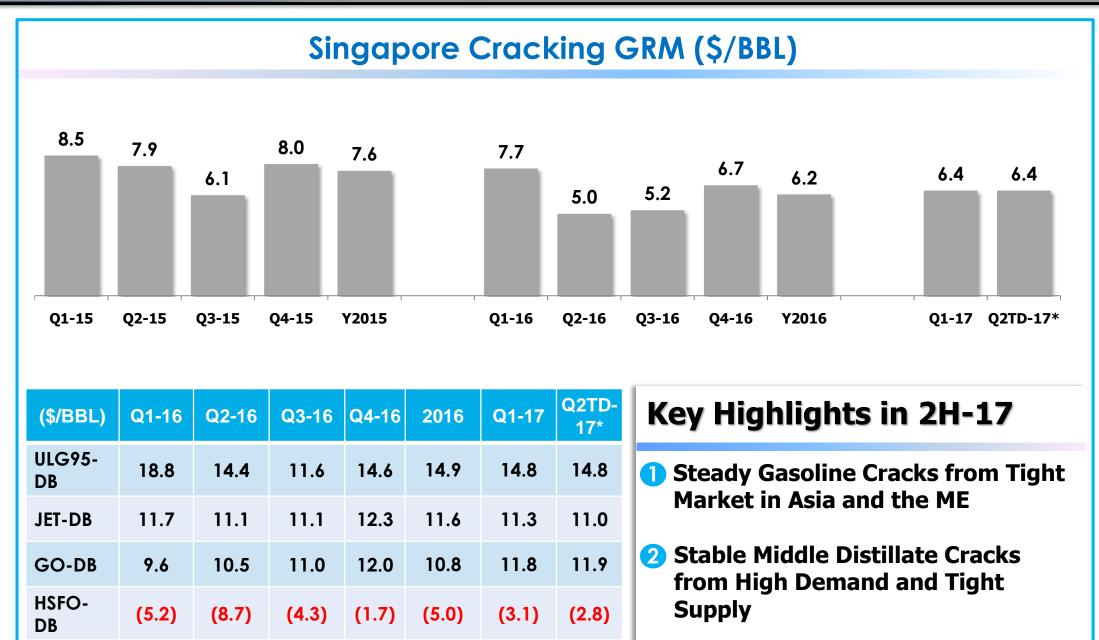




# **PETROLEUM PRODUCTS**

# Still-High Margins from Stronger Demand Growth and Lower Refinery Addition



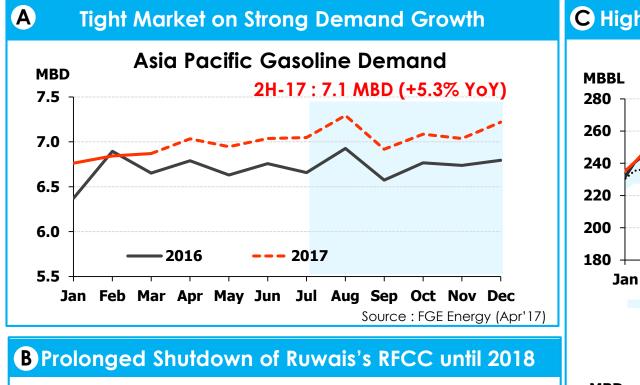


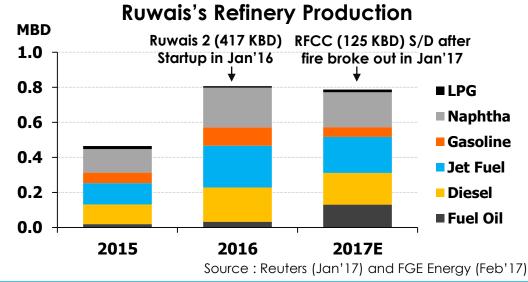
Remarks: \*Q2TD-17 as of 12 May 17

#### Refinery

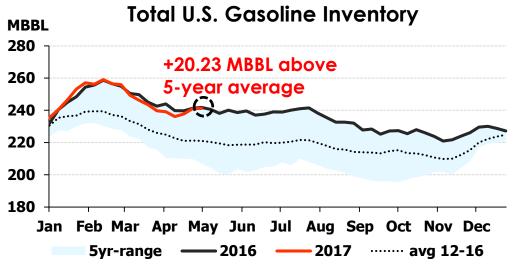
### Steady Gasoline Cracks from Tight Market in Asia and the ME



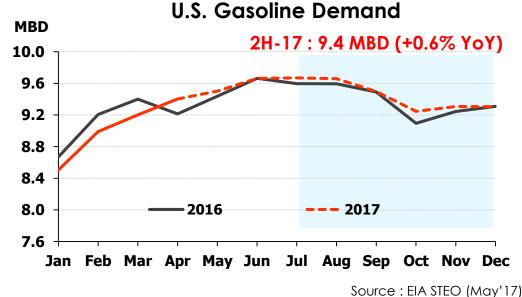




# C High U.S. Stocks from High Runs & Weak Demand



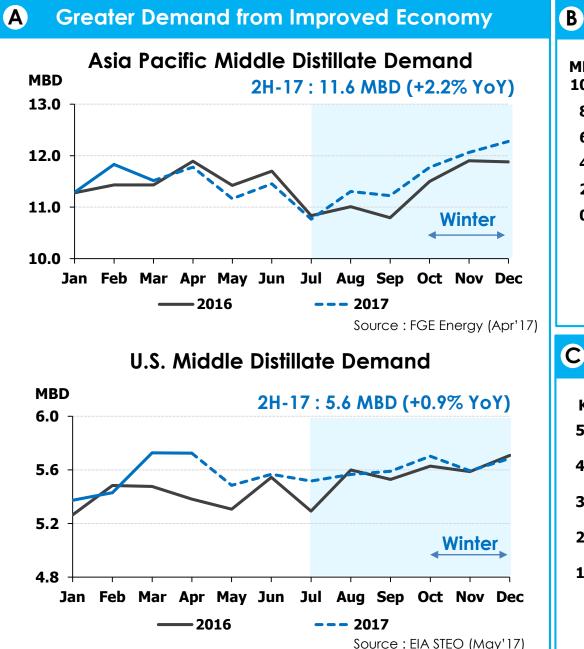
Source : EIA (May'17)



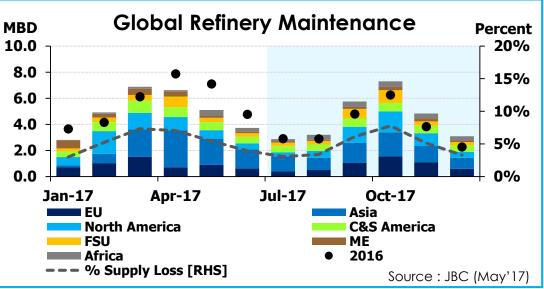
#### Refinery

### Stable Middle Distillate Cracks from High Demand and Tight Supply

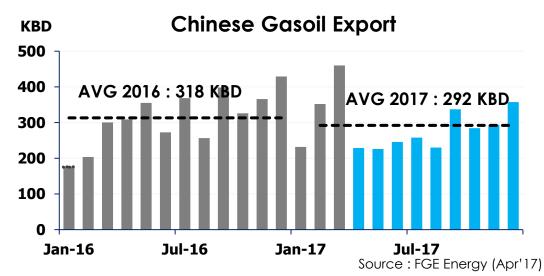




#### Tight Supply from Heavier Maintenance



### C Limited Exports from MTA and Higher Demand

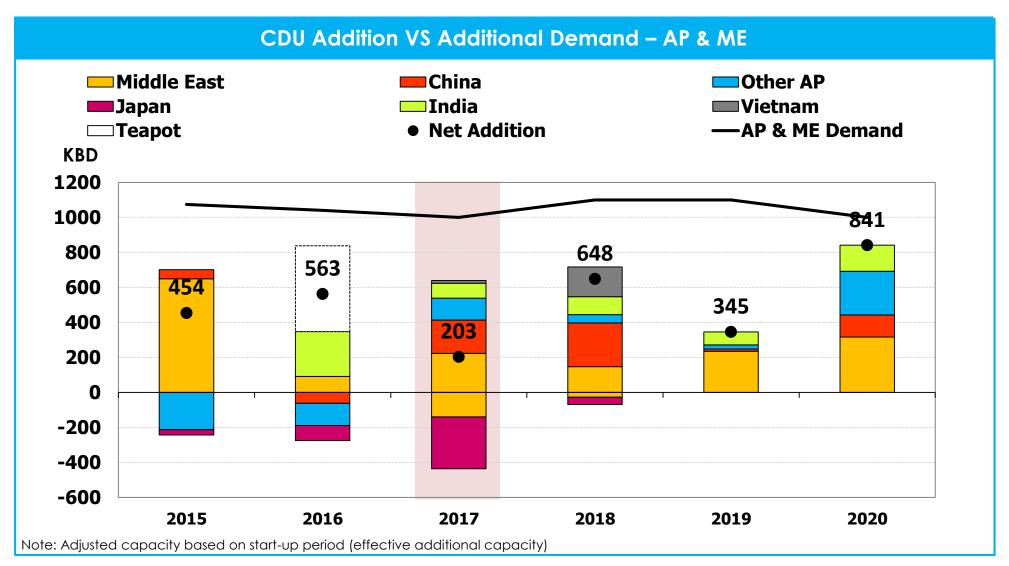


### Refinery Still-High Refinery Margins in 2017 as Demand Outpaces Refinery Addition

 Lower refinery addition in 2017 due to regulatory restrictions in Japan and delayed startup of refineries in China and Vietnam

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### **Thailand Oil Demand Growth**



	Thailand Oil	Demand	Growth		
	Year on Year	Average 2011-2015 <sup>(B)</sup>	Y 2016 <sup>(B)</sup>	YTD 3M/2017 <sup>(B)</sup> (vs 3M/2016)	<b>Y2017F<sup>(C)</sup></b>
Moga	s <sup>(A)</sup>	+7.1%	+9.8%	+4.3%	+3.1%
Jet/Ke	ero	+4.4%	+6.8%	+5.8%	+4.4%
Diese	(A)	+3.4%	+3.1%	+2.6%	+2.3%
Total		+4.4%	+5.4%	+3.5%	+2.8%
GDP		+3.4%	+3.2%	+3.3%	+3.4% <sup>(D)</sup>

### Thailand oil demand growth at 2.8% YoY in 2017

Remarks: (A) Mogas and Diesel includes Ethanol and Biodiesel, respectively

- (B) DOEB Statistics
- (C) PTT's Estimation (May-17)
- (D) BOT's Estimate (BOT Monetary Report as of Mar-17)

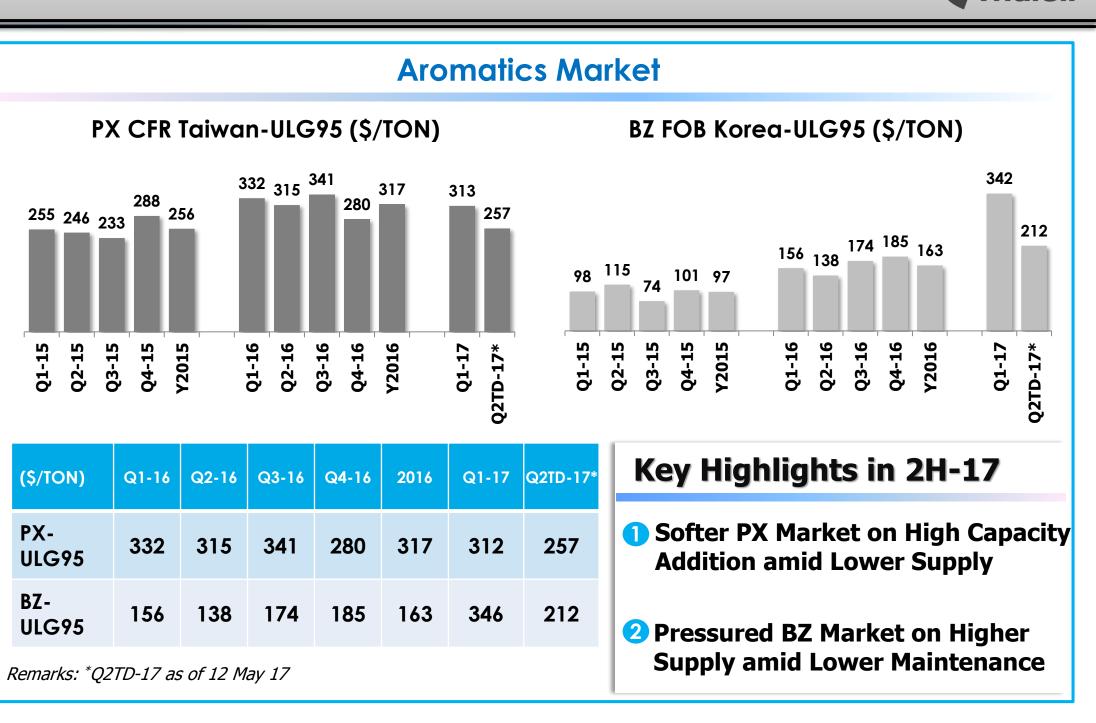


# AROMATICS



#### Aromatics

### **Soft Aromatics Market due to New Supply Pressure**

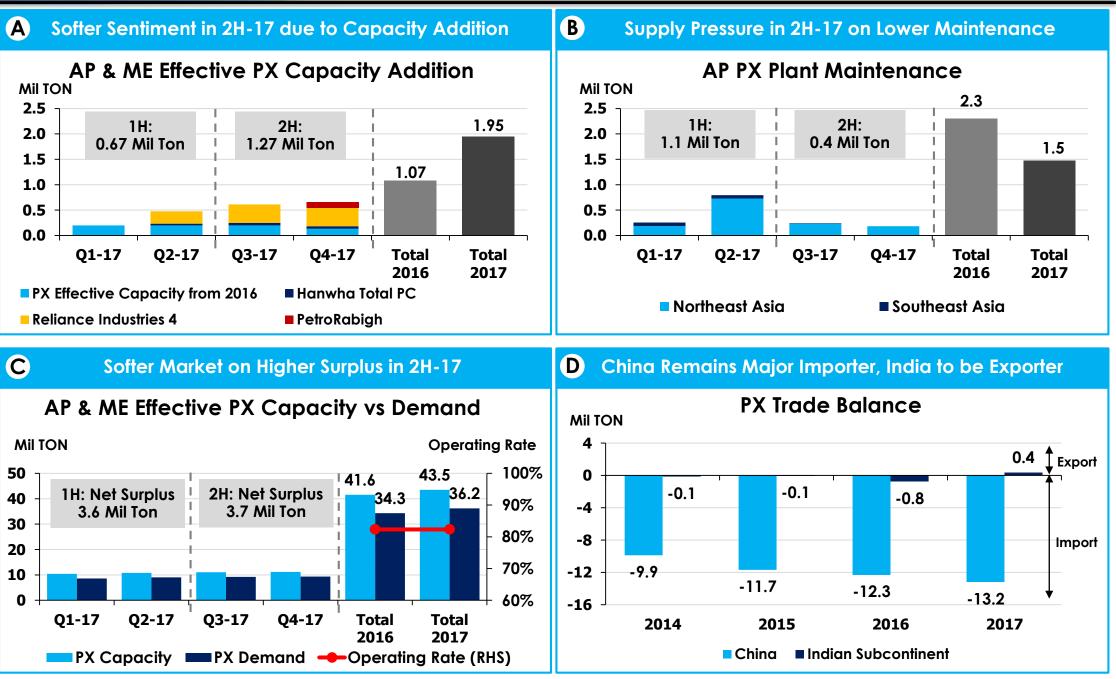


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# Aromatics Softer PX Market on High Capacity Addition amid Lower Supply

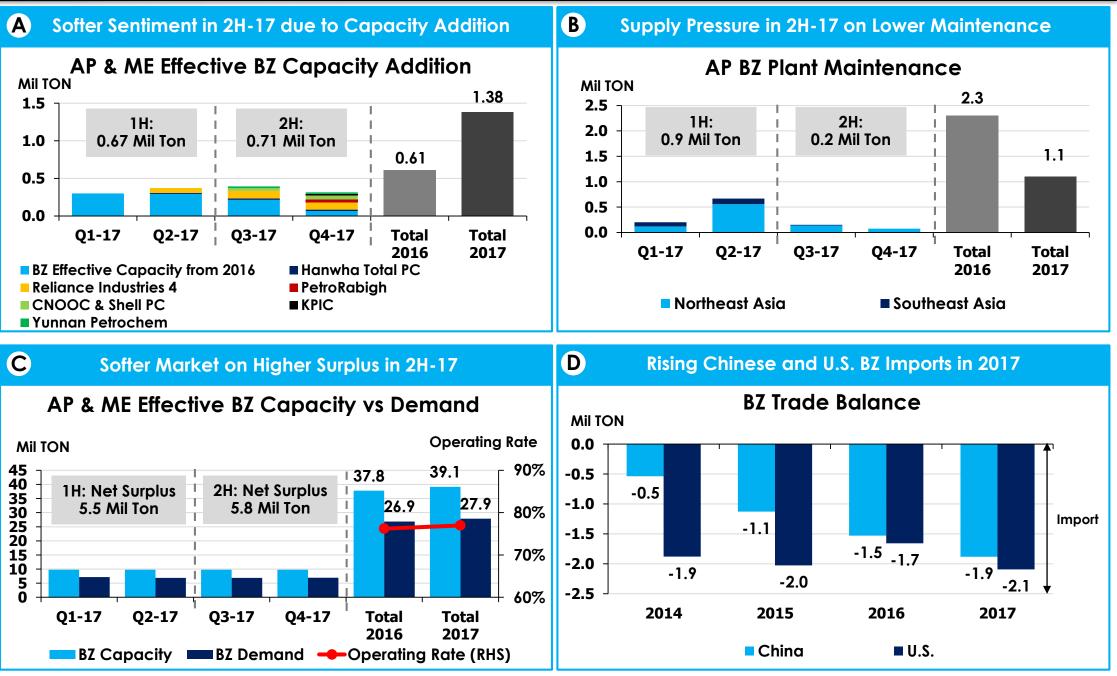




Source: PCI WoodMac (Feb'17), IHS (Mar 17), TOP's Estimate

### Aromatics Pressured BZ Market on Higher Supply amid Lower Maintenance





Source: IHS (Mar'17), TOP's Estimate

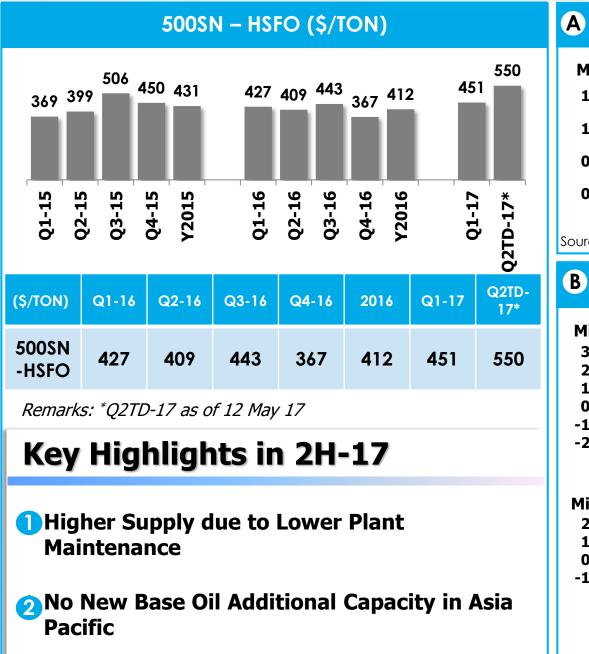


# **BASE OIL & BITUMEN**

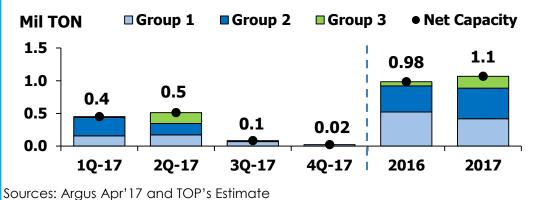
Base Oil & Bitumen

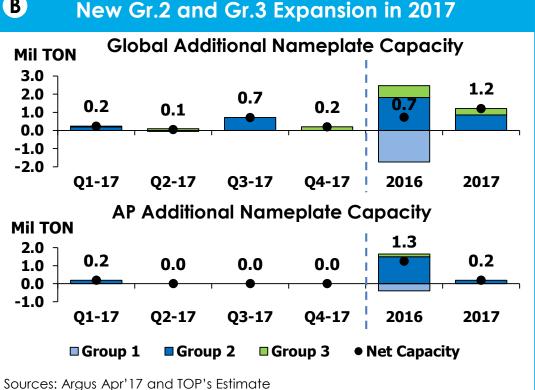
### **Softer Base Oil Market due to Lower Plant Maintenance**





AP Plant Maintenance (Effective Capacity)

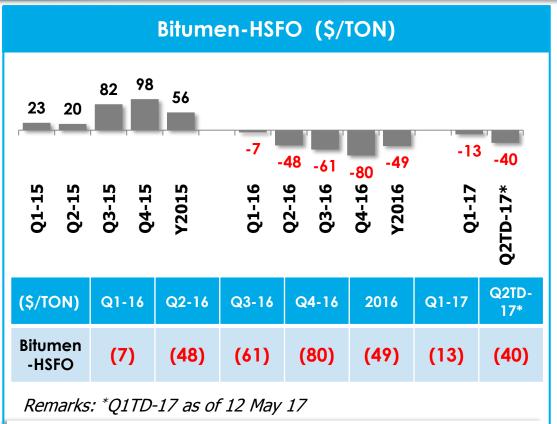




#### Base Oil & Bitumen

### **Softer Bitumen Market on Weaker Demand**

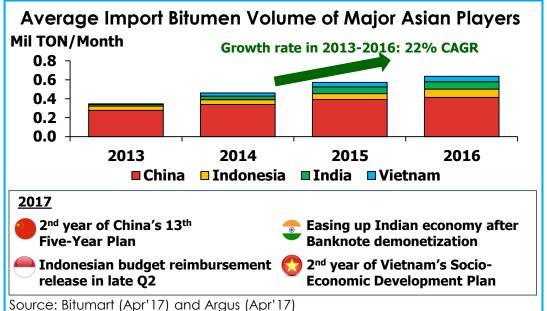




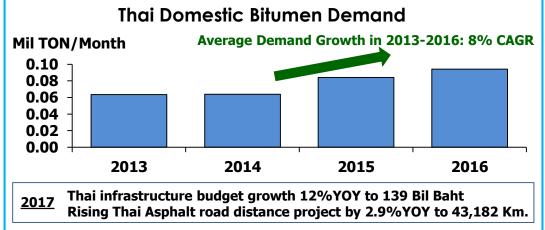
### **Key Highlights in 2H-17**

- Softer Regional and Thai Demand during Rainy Season
- 2 Maintaining Import from Major Asian Players for Road Construction Projects

### A Rising Bitumen Demand of Major Asian Players



### **B** Expected Firmer Thai Demand in 2017



Source: DOEB (Mar'17), Department of Highways and Maintenance Bureau

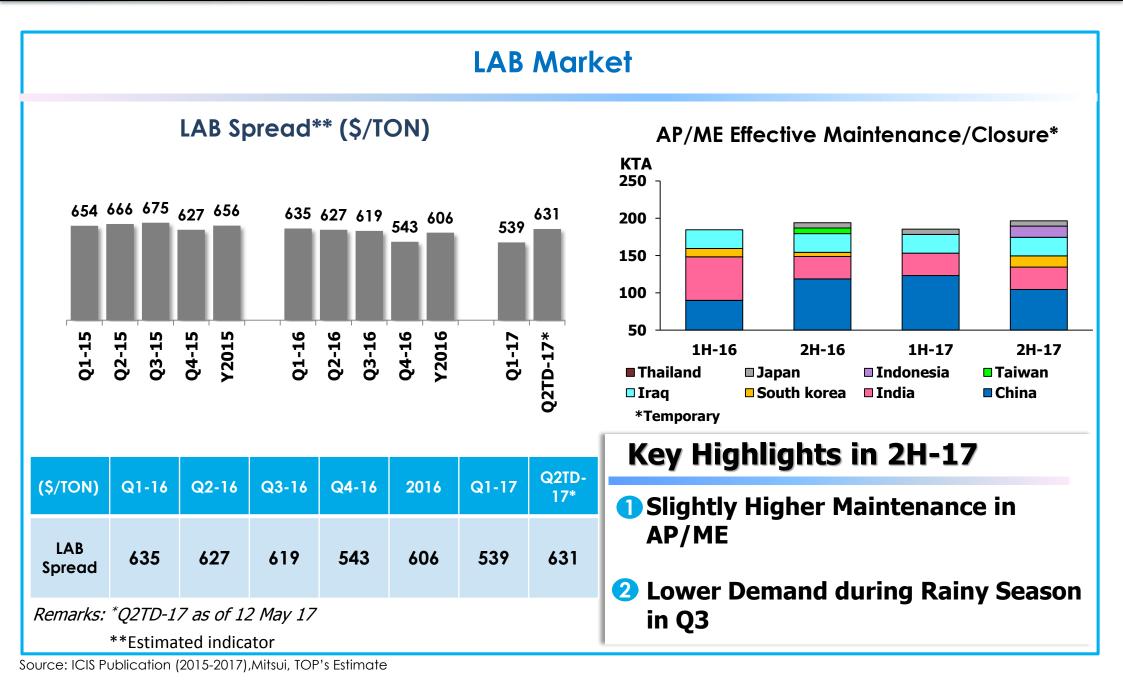


# Linear Alkyl Benzene (LAB)

# Stable LAB Market on Slightly Higher Maintenance despite

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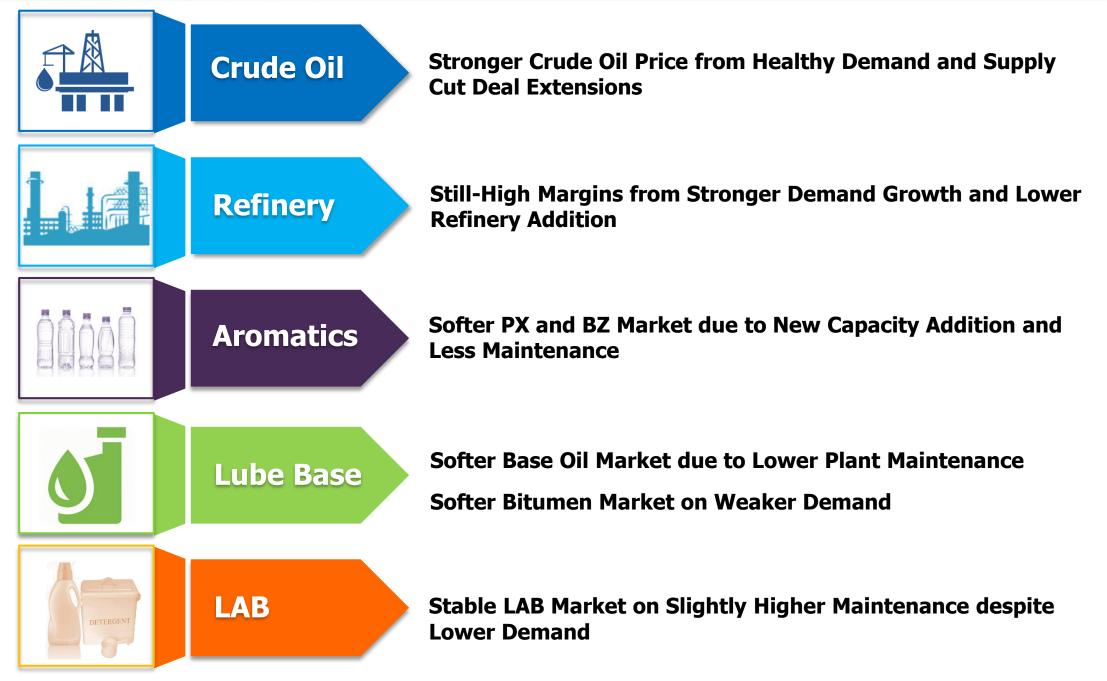
# CONCLUSION

Conclusion

# 2H-17 Market Outlook Conclusion

(vs. 1H-17)







# **Thank You**

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### APPENDIX

- Strategic Investment Plan
- Optimized & Flexible Operations...Superior Performance
- CDU Addition VS Additional Demand AP & ME
- World GRM / Inventories
- Thailand petroleum demand by products

# Strategic Investment Plan Approved by Board of Directors

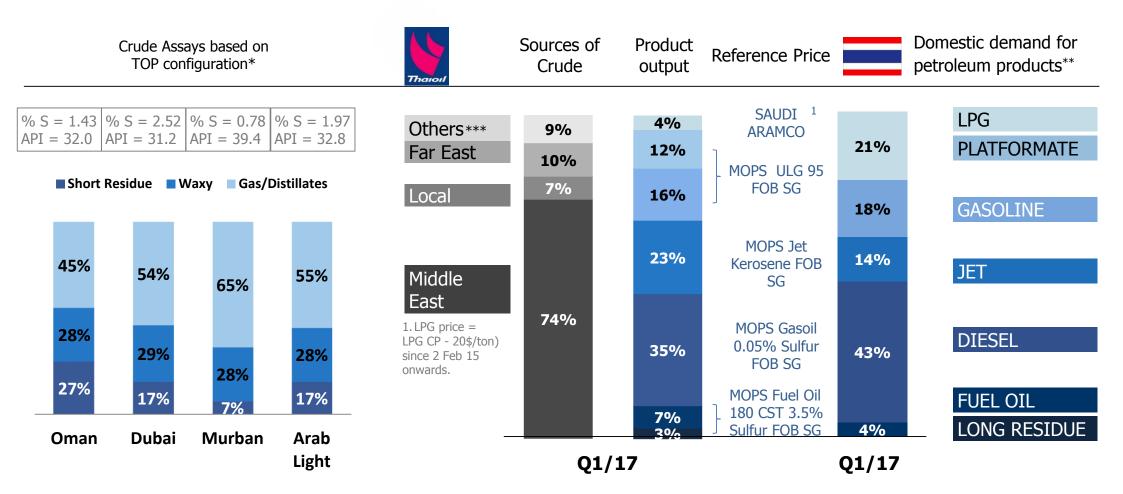
-50-

CAPEX Plan (Unit US\$ million) Projects		Remaining capital investment	
	2016	2017	2018
Reliability, Efficiency and Flexibility Improvement	32	45	25
Benzene Derivatives – LAB	41	11	13
Power – 2 SPPs	43		
Infrastructure Improvement			
- Lorry Expansion	26	22	
- Jetty 7&8 / Improvement		54	72
- Office Relocation & New Crude Tank		57	56
Other Investments	12	5	
Total	154	194	166

Notes: Excluding approximately 40 M\$/year for annual maintenance

\$360m

### **Optimized & Flexible Operations...Superior Performance**



Thai Oil is able to diversify its type of crude intake and product outputs to maximize demand and margin

\*Crude yield as per assay in Spiral as of Feb 2016

\*\*Source: Energy Policy and Planning Office, Ministry of Energy Thailand

#### \*\*\* Including Nigeria, Russia and others

- Flexibility in crude intake allows diversification of crude types to source cheaper crude
  - Flexibility in product outputs by maximizing middle distillates (jet and diesel) by adjusting production mode to capture domestic demand and price premium

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- Maximize Platformate production to capture higher margin on aromatics
- Minimize fuel oil output to avoid lower margin products

# Asia Pacific and Middle East Refinery Addition



#### CDU Addition VS Additional Demand – AP & ME Middle East Other AP China China Japan **—**India **⊐Teapot Wietnam** Net Addition — AP & ME Demand KBD 1400 1200 1000 841 648 800 563 454 600 345 400 203 200 0 -200 -400 -600 2015 2016 2020 2017 2018 2019

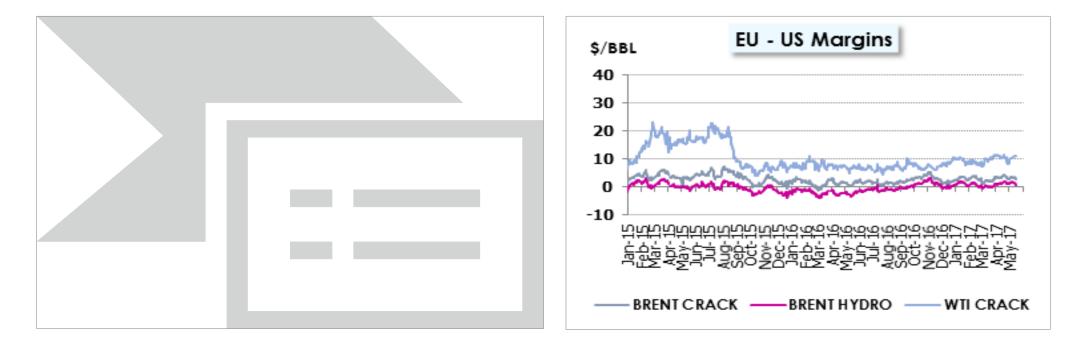
Note: Adjusted capacity based on start-up period (effective additional capacity)

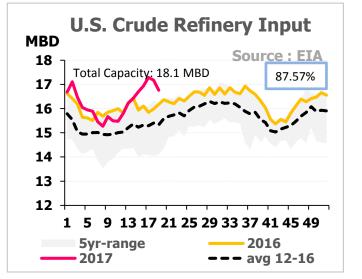
Start-up period)	Cou	ntry	Nameplate (KBD)	Company
Q1-17	Iran		120	Bandar Abbas - PGSOC/1
Q2-17	Taiwan		47	CPC Dalin
	Oman		109	Sohar Bitumen/Orpic
	India		42	HPCL Bhatinda
	China	(Feb'17 > Jun'17	) 200	CNOOC Huizhou
	China	(Oct'16 > Jun'17	) 260	CNPC/SA Anning
Q3-17	China		100	Petrochina Huabei
	India	(May'16 > Sep'1	7) 120	BPCL - Kochi
Q4-17	Vietnam	(Jun'18 > Dec'17	') 200	Nghi Son
	China		100	Local Zhuhai Huafeng
Q1-18	Iran		120	Bandar Abbas - PGSOC/1
Q3-18	Kuwait		171	KPC - Mina Abdullah
	India		36.1	Bharat - Bina
Closures				
Q1-17	Japan		-252	Cosmo Oil/ JX Nippon / Tonen General/ Taiyo Oil Shaowa Shell
	Kuwait	(Mar'18 > Apr'1	7) -186	KPC - Shuaiba
Q4-17	China		-100	Local refineries
Q3-18	Kuwait		-112	KPC - Mina Al-Ahmadi

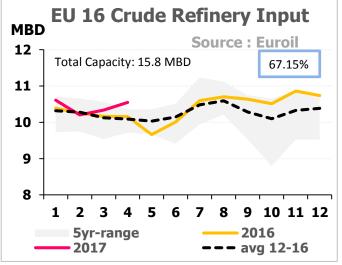
#### World GRM

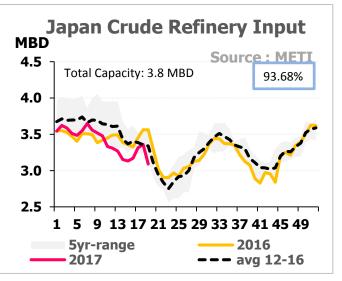
### Asian Margin Vs. US-EU margin





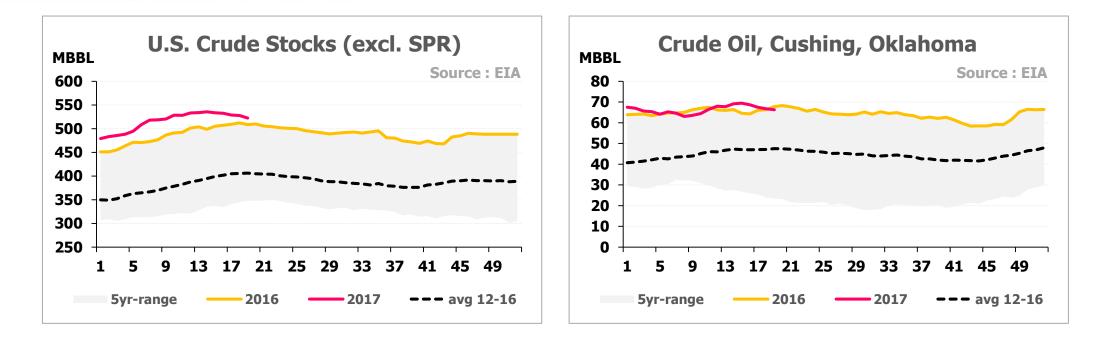


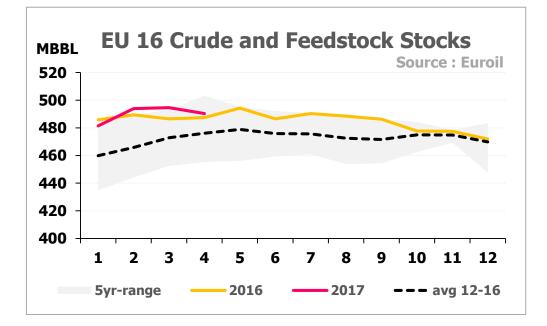


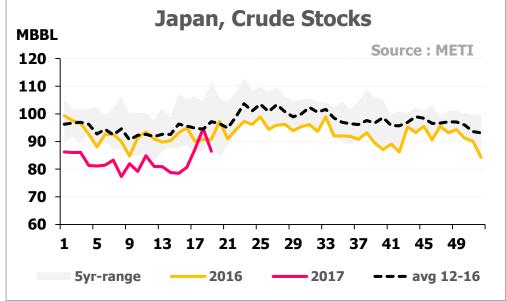


### **Global Crude Oil Inventories**



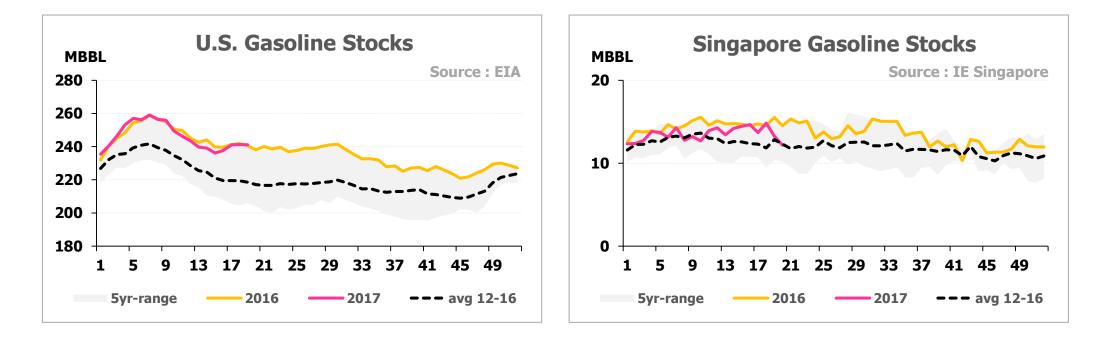


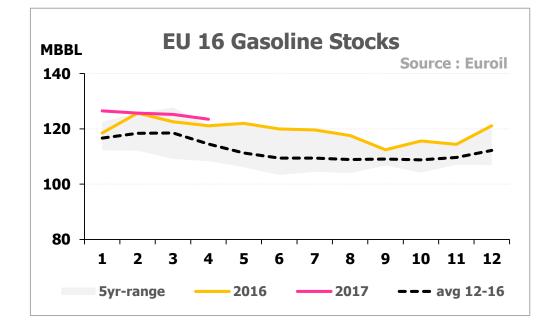


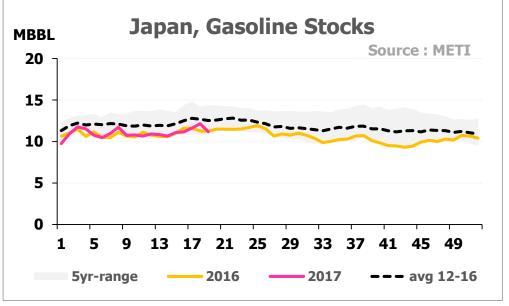


### **Global Gasoline Inventories**



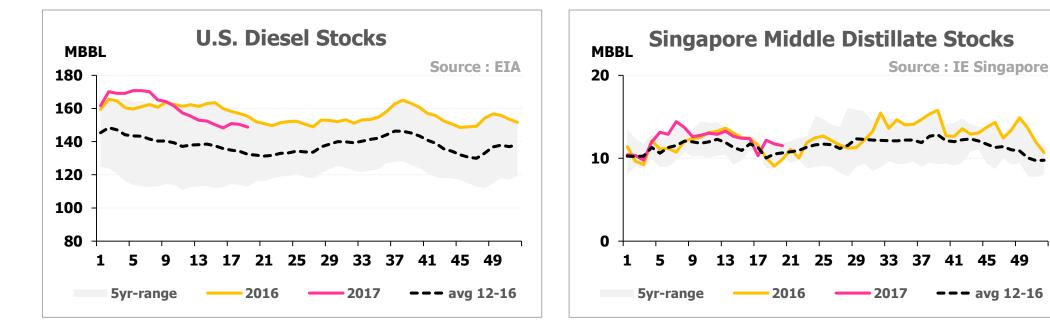


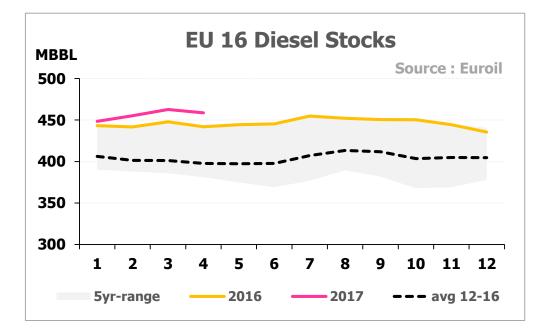


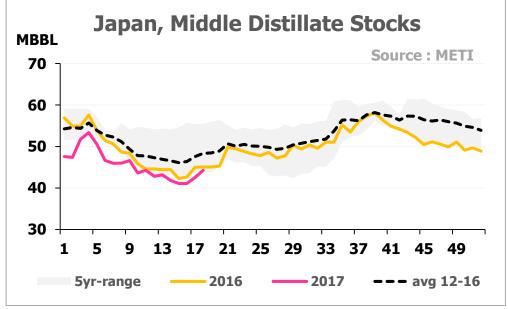


### **Global Middle Distillate Inventories**



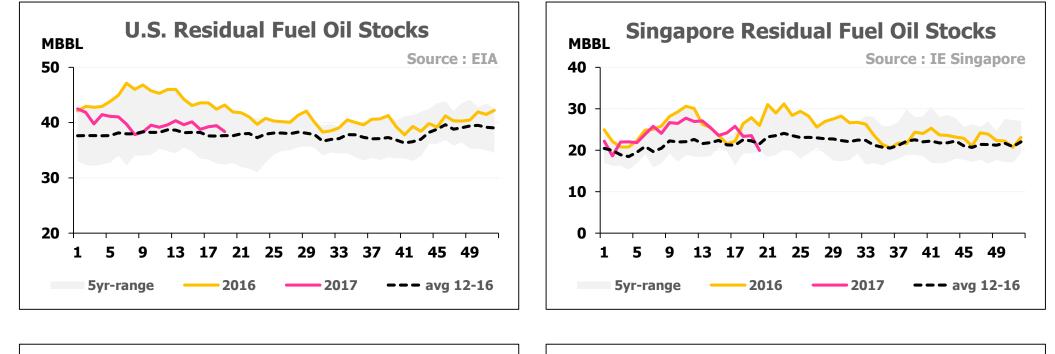


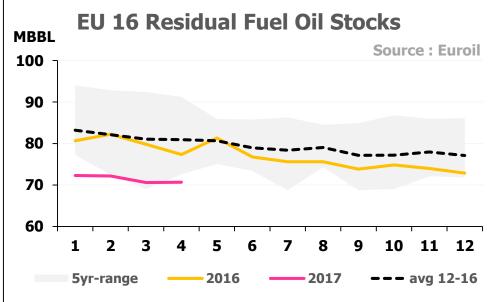


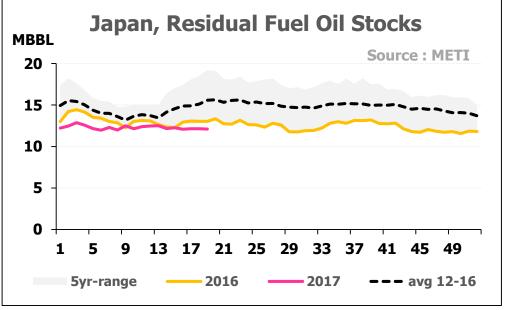


### **Global Fuel Oil Inventories**



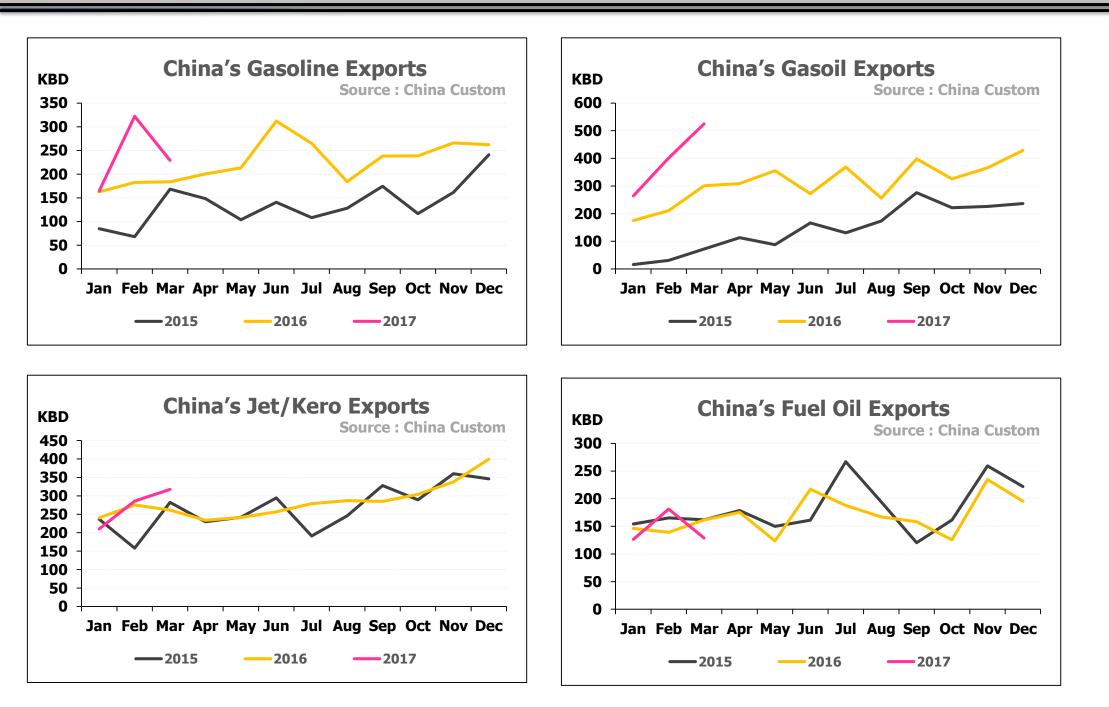






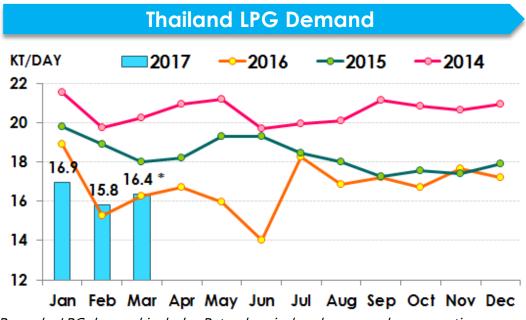
### **China's Refined Product Exports**



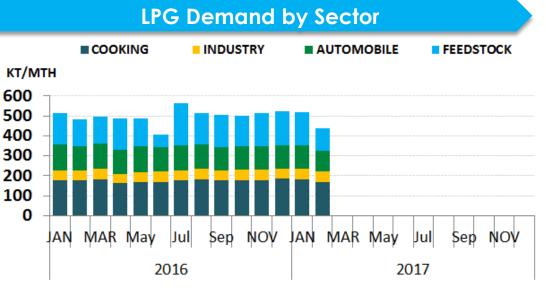


### **Domestic LPG Demand**





*Remark : LPG demand includes Petrochemical and own used consumption \* Mar-17 data estimated from DOEB data* 



#### LPG Demand Highlight

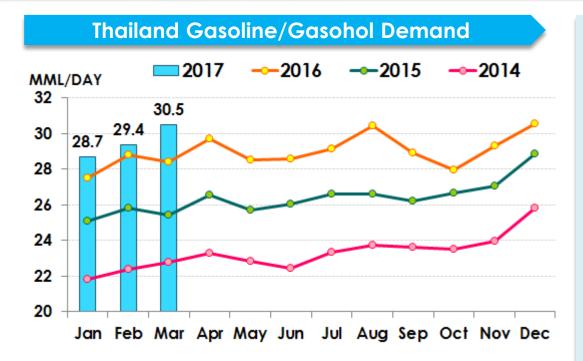
 In Q1/17, LPG demand fell significantly by 2.6%YoY on account of 8.6%YoY lower usages in automobile sector, as a result of fuel switching from LPG to Mogas. Moreover, LPG demand in petrochemical was lower by 3.6%YoY, according to IRPC plant shutdown in Feb-17. However, LPG demand was still supported by 1.4%YoY, and 3.4%YoY higher demand of cooking sector, and industrial sector, respectively.

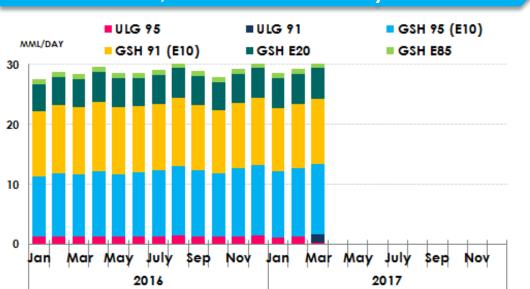
### Outlook for 2017

- LPG demand is expected to dropped by 1.5% YoY pressured by the expectation of more fuel switching from LPG to Mogas, due to low oil price.
- Moreover, the demand from household sector is also expected to decrease from changing of customers' behavior.
- However, the slowdown of LPG demand was expected to be limited by higher usage in industry sector as a result of persistent low level of LPG price.

### **Domestic Gasoline/Gasohol Demand**







### Gasoline/Gasohol Demand by Grade

### GASOLINE/Gasohol Demand Highlight

- In Q1/17, Mogas demand rose moderately by 4.3%YoY to an average 29.4 ML/day. Although, the retail price of Mogas is higher, Mogas demand was still supported by consumers' intimation that using their personal cars in their routine. Moreover, Mogas demand is also supported by better Private consumption, according to 38.7%YoY higher passenger car sale in this year.
- The level of domestic ethanol demand, in 2017, rose significantly by 7.8%YoY from 3.53 mml/day to 3.81 mml/day following the rising of Mogas demand. Additionally, this was also because of higher demand in GSH-95, E20, and E85 which increased by 10.5%YoY, 8.2%YoY, and 22.3%YoY, respectively, backed by increasing in the number of new E20 vehicle, E20 gas station, wider GSH95-E20, and E20-E85 price gap.

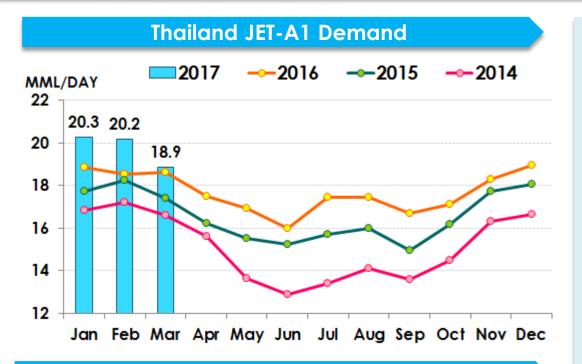
### Outlook for 2017

 Mogas consumption is predicted to grow by 1.3% YoY supported by expectation of growing of new passengers cars from return of private consumption. However, the demand is limited by high growth level in 2016 and higher oil price.

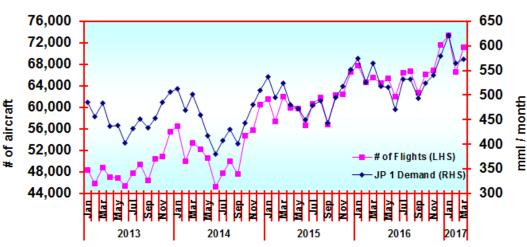
Source: DOEB (As of April 2017)

### **Domestic Jet Demand**





#### JET-A1 demand and # of flights



#### Relationship between aircraft movement and JP-1 demand

#### JET Demand Highlight

 In Q1/17, Jet consumption increased significantly by 5.8% over the corresponding period last year mainly owning to booming tourism industry, leading to 6.6%YoY higher aircraft movement. The expansion in tourism sector was a result of increasing number of Chinese, Indian and European tourists, pushing the number of flight movements higher both international and domestic aircrafts.

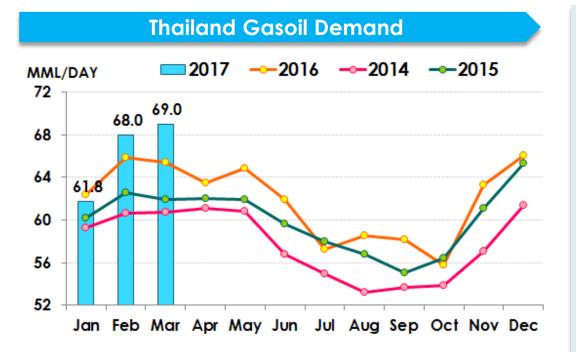
#### Outlook for 2017

 Jet demand growth is expected to grow by 3.7%YoY as a result of rapid tourist number growth, especially from China and ASEAN, which supported by expansion of Phuket and other international airports. Furthermore, the demand is also supported by the return of European and Russian tourists.

Source: DOEB, AOT, Department of Tourism (As of May 2017)

### **Domestic Gasoil and NGV Demand**





#### Diesel Demand Highlight

 In Q1/17, Diesel demand rose moderately by 2.6% YoY as a result of Thai economic recovery. However, Diesel demand was still pressured by flooding situation in Southern part of Thailand which lower agricultural activity and goods transportation. Meanwhile, in 2016, Diesel demand in Southern part of Thailand took approximately 12.5% of total Diesel demand in Thailand.

### Outlook for 2017

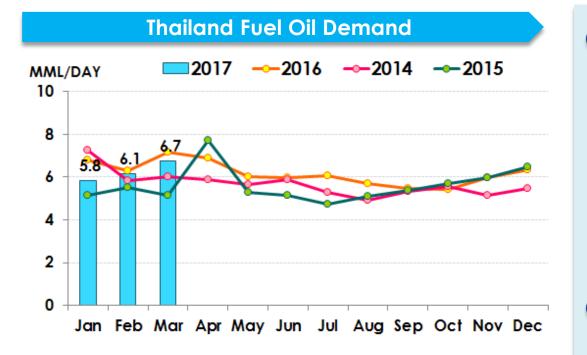
 Diesel demand in 2017 is expected to expand by 1.8% YoY supported by Thailand economic improvement.

### **NGV Demand Highlight**

 In Q1/17, NGV demand fell significantly by 13.4%YoY. This was mainly because of consumers' intimation that still prefer to consume oil. Moreover, the low oil price level in 2016 has pressed the fuel switching from old cars, whereas the new cars which is available for NGV was lower recently.

### **Domestic Fuel Oil Demand**





#### Transportation Industry Electricity Others MML/DAY 8.0 7.0 6.0 5.0 4.0 3.0 2.0 1.0 Mar Sep Ň Mar Ę Sep ٨ ľ n ef May May ₹ 2016 2017

**Thailand Fuel Oil Demand by Sector** 

#### Fuel Oil Demand Highlight

 In Q1/17, Fuel Oil consumption fell sharply by 7.7%YoY, as a result of sharply falling by 38.1%YoY of electricity sector demand which pressured by late gas field maintenance (25Mar – 2Apr 2017). Last year, Yadana gas field had maintenance in Feb-16. Furthermore, the demand in industrial sector also decreased by 22.5%YoY, as a result of higher price of fuel oil. However, the demand in transportation sector increased by 18.8%YoY.

### Outlook for 2017

• Fuel oil demand is expected to drop by 3.6%YoY, as a result of switching to alternative fuel in transportation sector due to concerning of regulation about fuel oil usage in near-port area.

Source: DOEB (As of May 2017)



# **Thank You**

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